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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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ROY. ASIATIC SOCIETY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH

VOL XXI NO 225 BOMBAY: MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1933 TWENTY PAGES

SOVIET'S WONDER AIRCRAFT FAILS TO GO UP

WORLD'S BIGGEST BALLOON REFUSES TO BUDGE

Futile Efforts Of 400 Starting Crew To Inflate It

MACHINE FITTED WITH LATEST SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENTS FOR MAKING STRATOSPHERE OBSERVATIONS TO LIE IDLE?

(SPECIAL CABLE)

MOSCOW, September 24.

Thousands of disappointed spectators streamed out of the aerodrome when the Soviet's latest wonder aircraft failed to go up.

Four hundred starting crew worked, throughout the night, inflating the huge balloon, replete with the latest scientific instruments, for making observations of stratosphere.

But after the balloon had made several ineffectual attempts to leave the ground the attempt was abandoned.

The balloon is the biggest in the world, and has a diameter of 112 feet and the capacity of quarter of a million cubic feet.

It is presumed insufficient quantity of hydrogen was pumped in.

Out Of The Gloaming

Lord Islington who did his bit by perambulating with the Public Services Commission all over India and gave to the Services generously what was not his, has suddenly become very miserly, for while he subscribes to the objects of the India Defence League he refuses to subscribe to its funds.

* * * *

His heart bleeds to see the "overburdened" Indian taxpayer being made to pay more for the White Paper constitution. We agree with him that the White Paper is not worth paying for, since it is only white, but it's a pity he did not think of the Indian taxpayer while distributing largesse to the Services.

* * * *

It must be a back-handed blow for our Back Bay Baron, who is to the chief pillar of the I. D. L. and who had no compunction in "overburdening" the Indian community with taxation. But then they are all reformed rakes in public finance and God knows to what lengths they will go now in miserly economy and retrenchment.

* * * *

So little Dollfuss has fussily proclaimed himself the dictator, and another Facist State has come into being. He wants to reconcile all the dissonant elements by his "magnetic personality"—he has the support of 750,000 men.

* * * *

For sheer personal magnetism Hitler must beat him, for he has got a larger number of Nazi cut throats behind him. Of course Dollfuss rejects castor oil, but he must substitute a new cathartic to prove his adaptability!

* * * *

Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru, says the A. P., will again interview Gandhiji, again discuss the whole position, and again agree not to differ but to agree with him that the present programme should be continued for ever.

* * * *

We hope the same economic programme for India to be put into operation 150 years hence will be ratified and long letters published in the Press to prove there is complete agreement.

* * * *

A. P. mentions in the same news para that the Punjab C.I.D. have arrested a youth suspected to be a revolutionary—not for professing the revolutionary programme of the Pundit, we sincerely hope.

* * * *

Talking about revolutionaries, even the ex-Crown Prince of Germany is a revolutionary, according to Dimitroff, as also friend Hitler. There must be some at Simla and others in Poona. But they are not on speaking terms with each other.

* * * *

Mr. Jai Prakash opening his heart to the "F. P. J." said an idea must be propounded, then spread, and again sunk into the mentality of some. The sinking part of the process must now be in progress, and is being done according to plan.

* * * *

Our Delhi Astrologer Royal predicts that Sir Malcolm Hailey will be raised to the peerage in 1934 and then towards the end be made Viceroy. We hope it will prove so; otherwise other provinces will be called on to accommodate him as a Governor by rotation.

* * * *

Lord Willingdon also became Viceroy in the same way, Bombay to Madras, then to Canada and then back to Delhi. Hailey has had only two moves so far and two more remain. But let him take a short cut to Delhi at once for India's sake.

* * * *

They are having German-Indian evenings in Berlin, as a set off to storm-troop raiders, and shooting in the back. Emphasis is laid on mutual cultural contact and some patriotic Indians are doing their bit for Germany.

* * * *

Dr. Herman Wirth spoke on "India's mission in the Cultural World", and we hope some Indian spoke on "Nazi Kultur and its Mission" with lantern slides of Mr. Nambiar being whipped and kicked by Nazis.

* * * *

These Indians can't be any of those "jabbering" Indians to whom Hitler refers in his magnum opus, 'Mein Kampf," but real proof-kultur Indians worthy to enter the Aryan fold in Germany.

* * * *

Germany should now send a kultural mission to India to propagate the Nazi methods, which have made them such hot favourites with women there. Perhaps, "Handsome Adolf" will take it up as a personal mission of "kultur," fully equipped with revolvers, rubber truncheons and a medicine chest

* * * *

Wife: "I see that in Sumatra a wife can be bought for twelve shillings. Isn't it perfectly awful?"

Hubby: "I don't know; I suppose prices are high there, just as in other countries."

RAMLILA FESTIVAL

Processions Taken Out For Four Days Stopped On Sunday

DT. MAGISTRATE'S 'NO'

Hindu Shops Observe Hartal In Allahabad As Protest Against Police Order

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 24.

Processions in celebration of Ramlila which have been taken out for the last four days, were stopped to-day, the Ramlila Committee objecting to the schedule of timings and the route fixed by the Superintendent of Police.

A deputation, it is understood waited on the District Magistrate Allahabad, who is reported to have expressed regret at his inability to interfere with police arrangements made for the safety of the public. Hindu shops observed hartal in the City.—A P.

STARVATION

"For a fair nourishment of her population, India must consume as much as 81 million tons of grain. But she hardly consumes 49 millions," says an estimate.

This means that the average consumption is two-third of what it should be.

But again consider the number of those top dogs who overfeed and those who indulge in wasting.

What remains for the depressed and backward classes can only be imagined. Or what is more true, they live more on air and water than food.

Buy Khadi during Gandhi Jayanti and give the poor some more food.

STOP PRESS

HUNGER-STRIKE GIVEN UP.

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LEIPZIG, Sept. 24.

Van der Lubbe, one of the accused in the Reichstag fire trial ended three days' hunger-strike, by taking a normal food to-day.

Important developments may follow the interview between Dr. Sack, counsel defending the accused, and Mr. Garfield Hays, the American lawyer who was present at the Reichstag "shadow trial" London. Mr. Hays has offered to go to the witness-box himself.

FURIOUS STREET BATTLE.

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

ZURICH, Sept. 24.

A midnight battle with stones, nail-studded laths, blazing torches in the streets was the culmination of a bitter campaign preceding week-end elections of the town council.

A torchlight procession of the United Nationalist Parties parading the streets was assaulted by their Socialist Opponents. The hair and clothes of combatants were set alight.

Twenty people were taken to hospital. Many others were also injured.

CHILDREN MISSING?

Complaint Of Lahore Parents To Police Of No Trace After Play

LAHORE, Sept. 24.

It was learnt to-day that a number of complaints have been lodged with police stations by parents whose children are said to be missing. In the majority of cases children are stated to have disappeared while playing in their mohallas.—A.P.

HIS FIGHT IN GENEVA.

BERLIN, Sept 24

"I shall fight in Geneva for the rights of the German people" declared Goebbels, Minister for Propaganda, standing at the foot of the huge statue of Germania at the Niederwald Memorial, and addressing a large crowd who gave him rousing cheers.

A foretaste of liveliness at Geneva lies in his "obiter dictum": "Nations who espouse pacifism as a great ideal are always forerunners of the next war."

Germany wanted peace and it would be madness to plunge the nations into fresh misfortune when they had not yet recovered from the last.—Reuter.

SERIOUS SITUATION IN CUBA.

HAVANA, Sept 24

Situation is becoming more menacing All Cuba seems o be arming itself. Rifles with belt ammunition are being sold at four dollars each, and machine-guns with ammunition at forty.

American consuls urge all Americans to go to the coast near warships, and thus avoid the necessity for landing marines. All foreigners have been advised to leave Sagua City immediately.

Six British families at Cayo Mambi are in danger and an American gunboat has been sent there.

Troops are being hurried to different parts of the country, but Government has only 8,000 men.

Two hundred mills are appealing for protection.—Reuter.

REPLY TO CRITICS

Jawaharlal Says He Does Not Want To Enter Into Useless Controversy

CHANGE IN REGIME

Willing To Convene Formal Meeting Of A. I. C. C. If So Desired by Members

LUCKNOW, Sept 24

With reference to criticism in a section of the press that no new programme had been placed before the country, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said that he did not wish to enter into a profitless controversy or repeat what he had said already. There was obviously a radical difference in outlook between him and those who criticised him, and when the outlook and the objective were different it was but natural that there should be disagreement about methods.

QUESTION BEFORE INDIA

The question before the country and before each individual was whether they were struggling for change in regime or for what were called Reforms. So far as he was concerned, he wanted and was working for complete change in regime. States all over world as well as in India to-day were involved in fundamental changes in regime. If this fact was once grasped, then it would be easier to lay down an effective policy for achieving such a basic change in regime.

In these days of collapse of the social structure of Europe and America, it was surprising that people should imagine that economic theories put forward by some others would take decades to be put in practice.

"If we are proposing a policy of radical economy, we are also to propose radical means of achieving it and I am quite sure that we shall achieve it before our critics and we are very much older."

Questioned regarding the convening of a meeting of the All-India Congress Committee, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said, "I have consulted many colleagues during the last fortnight and as I have stated I am perfectly willing to convene a formal meeting of the All-India Congress Committee if so desired by members. There is no wish on our part to prevent such a meeting or any other form of consultation between Congressmen.—A. P.

IS DANGER OVER NOW?

Level In Jumna Goes Down By Nine Inches

NEW DELHI, Sept. 24.

The fall in the level of the Jumna which commenced yesterday continues. So far the level has gone down by nine inches. Although the sky is still overcast, there were only mild drizzles yesterday and to-day.—A.P.

SIR J. BHORE INDISPOSED

Sir F. Hussain To Act For Him In Trade Parleys

SIMLA, Sept. 24.

It is understood that Sir Joseph Bhore is indisposed, and will not be able to attend to-morrow's meeting with the Japanese delegates.

It is not certain whether any meeting will be held to-morrow, but if it is held Sir Fazli Hussain will act for Sir Joseph Bhore.—A.P.

World's Most Oppressed Tenants

"Bounden Duty Of Government To Legislate By Reducing Rents By At Least 40 p. c." And "End Scandalous State Of Affairs"

"We are trying to get in thousands and thousands of citizens into the Bombay Tenants' League in order that we may constitute such a mighty amy, that we may carry on such an agitation and light a flame that will lead to such a conflagration of indignation and determination as will bring the present state of affairs to an end by providing the people of this city with decent, civilised, living accommodation at rents which they can be reasonably expected to pay", declared Mr. B. G. Horniman, presiding over a meeting held under the auspices of the Bombay Tenants' League, on the Chaupathy sands, on Sunday evening.

Speakers from all communities deplored the present condition of the Bombay tenants, and laid the blame at the doors of the landlords; while one or two speakers said that the present state of affairs was mainly due to the Capitalistic system under which tenants were living.

Two resolutions, one demanding reduction of the present rents by at least 40 per cent., and the other extending support to Mr. R. R. Bakhale's Rent Bill that will come up before the Bombay Council in November, were passed.

WORLD'S MOST OPPRESSED TENANTS.

Mr. Horniman in his presidential speech, said that of all the oppressed people in the world, the Bombay tenants could take a leading place. The Bombay tenants were the most oppressed, compared to tenants in any other country in the world. Facts and figures proved it. Since the Great War prices of all commodities, labour, wages, salaries had fallen, but the extraordinary fact remained that their rents had gone up not less than 33 per cent. higher than those prevailing during the war.

The speaker then referred to the repeal of the Rent Act a few years ago by the Bombay Council at the instance of the landlords. He said that the Bombay Council was allowed to repeal the Act because there was no proper organisation to oppose that move. Now that the Bombay Tenants' League had been formed the speaker expected that it would form into a mighty organisation that would shake up the Legislature and get the Rent Act passed and see that the landlords suffered equally with others in the world economic depression.

PROHIBITIVE HIGH RENTS.

Though the wages had fallen to a very low degree yet the rents were prohibitively high, and it was really scandalous to allow such a thing to continue. It was a fact that the rents that the working class and the lower middle-class were asked to pay were really prohibitive that thousands were forced to sleep on the footpaths. Some people, especially those that came from Europe thought it was natural for people to sleep on the footpath in these hot nights. But the real fact was that most of those sleeping outside were doing so because they were forced to do so.

APPALLING CONDITIONS.

The present tenement conditions of the city were appalling. There were five to sometimes twenty in a single room. It was disgraceful that such a state of affairs was allowed to continue when there were chawls and buildings lying vacant in the city.

The only way to effect a cure and get rid of the present conditions was for the tenants to organise themselves in a proper way. For that purpose the Tenants' League had been formed, so that it would be able to cure the present conditions and see that the tenants get decent rooms at a reasonably low rent. The League would also look to the work of getting proper repairs done to buildings and staircases properly lighted. The present lighting arrangements in the city were really astonishing, and existed in no other country in the world.

DISTRESS WARRANTS.

Referring to the quick and easy way in which the landlords were able to get distress warrants from the courts, the speaker said that it was scandalous that landlords got distress warrants for the mere asking and even respectable tenants were thrown out on the roads, without being given reasonable opportunity to pay up the rents. The above as well as many other grievances that the tenants were faced with made the urge to become a member of the League greater, and the speaker appealed to the citizens of Bombay to join, in their thousands. the Bomgay Tenants' League, so that it could have strength to fight the battle to get rooms and tenements to live in a decent condition and end the long-continued tyranny of the landlords.

BOUNDEN DUTY OF GOVT.

Sardar Jamiat Singh then moved the following resolution:—

"This meeting of the tenants of Bombay held under the auspices of the Bombay Tenants' League evinces its grave concern at the serious economic distress prevalent among the masses, and considers it the bounden duty of the Government to legislate by reducing rents by at least 40 per cent."

In moving the resolution the speaker said that though there were several meetings held on the Sands during the past three or four years, the one that he was addressing was a unique one in that it had on its platform leaders from all the communities. There was not a single community that was not represented.

LANDLORDS' 'ZOOLUM.'

The question of rent was a common one and tenants, of all communities, were tired of the tyranny of the landlords, and were ready to meet on the same platform without any communal differences, to agitate against the present prevailing conditions. No poor or middle class man in the City of Bombay could live honourably paying the outrageously high rents. It was really 'zoolum' on the part of the landlord to demand such high rents.

Referring to the distress warrants that were got by the landlords within a few hours, the speaker said that in the building he was living not a month passed without some tenant being a sufferer from it. These warrants, the speaker said, were got by the landlords by uttering lies on oath before the judge.

The speaker condemned the practice followed by several Hindu landlords of collecting rents every 'Amavasya,' because he gets the advantage of collecting 37 months' rent in three years. If grievances of the above nature are to be got rid, citizens should

(Continued on page 5.

TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word.

Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The 'Bombay Chronicle'"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under. "Box No.—The Advertisement Department. The 'Bombay Chronicle'," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

High Class Maratha undergrdauate grown-up girl to be married. Marathas and Rajputs of high standing need apply Box No. 1277, "Bombay Chronicle."

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted: Managers, Cashiers, Organizers for a bank. Apply Box No. 1276, "Bombay Chronicle."

Guaranteed monthly salary Rs. 125. Wanted immediately District Managers throughout India for our most up-to-date, lucrative scheme. Liberal commission over and above guaranteed salary. Influential persons of either sex may apply at once with four 1 anna stamps for the relative booklets and literature to M. T. P. Ltd., 7|90, Wallajah Road, Madras. (1240).

Wanted—An experienced manager on a decent salary for a Company transacting Life, Fire and Marine Insurance. Apply stating age, qualifications, and send credentials which shall be treated confidentials. Apply to Box No. 1262, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted An M.B., B.S. or otherwise qualified to handle line of Pharmaceutical Preparations. Apply stating qualifications and salary expected to Box No. 1220, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Organisers on pay of Rs. 75 monthly to sell Gramophone, Harmonium, Day Light, Cycle, etc., on instalment. Show room will be furnished without Cash Security. Apply to Wilton and Co., Post Box No. 2137, Calcutta.

32. MOTORCARS WANTED.

Wanted immediately second hand touring car 1930 or later model sound condition. Apply for trial to Gokuldas in Wakefield House, Ballard Estate. (1280.)

45. DOCTORS & NURSES.

Wanted one M.B. B.S. Lady Doctor and 2 qualified Nurses for the Indoor Female Hospital of Prem Sewak Sabha, Amritsar. Hindus applicants will be preferred. Apply stating minimum pay acceptable to L. Mathra Das, Hindi Bhushan, Hon. Secretary. (1282).

50. PATENT MEDICINES.

Sexus Paste, German, best And Cheapest jelly for preventing conception. Sole Agents: Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (1258).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

"English Cutting and Tailoring School" and now changed as "English Tailoring College" of Mr. Narayan Govindrao (N. G. Rao), our ex-student, is not to be mistaken for India's Pioneer and Premier Institution, Rao's Tailoring College, 143 Princess Street, Bombay. (1254.)

Public Service Commission Examination—To be held on November 27. For particulars and necessary books please apply to:—Messrs. Beddi and Messwood, Prim Rose, Simla. (1133).

69. LOANS & MORTGAGES.

Cheap Loans to Needy Families. Consult the Dwarkabai Memorial Savings and Loans Office, Nowroji Street, Thakurdwar. (1197).

70. ESTATES & PROPERTIES.

For Sale—A beautiful commodious house, well situated in a decent locality in Pachmarhi (C. P. Governor's summer headquarters). Apply R. B. Daulat Ram and Sons, Ludhiana. (1271).

For Sale Coonoor—Nilgiris—A well built, medium sized furnished House, situated in the best locality with pretty garden, and several acres of land. For further particulars apply to:—"Owner." Brightling, Coonoor, S. India. (1270).

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted paid agents for our Import Department on Rs. 35 p.m. Must pay for sample stock at least Rs. 100. Apply with testimonials to: The Allianz Industrial Corporation Ltd., 194, Mount Road, Madras.

74. AGENCIES WANTED

Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday Editions, particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkas, Sd. Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezwada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar, Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra, Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer, Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi Simla, Wardha-Castle, Rock Arvi, Ellichpur, Hinganghat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, Mhow. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle", Co., Ltd., P.O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

76. TRADE FORECASTS.

New Enterprise—Hurry up—The only reliable institution furnishing the certainty daily American closings calculated purely on Astronomy. Never miss to-day's opportunity. Special one certainty. Fee Rs. 10 only. Apply The Kanara Astronomical Bureau, Empire Building, 1st floor, Room No. 46. (1279).

99. MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale—1,000 k.w. turbine, Tanning machineries of different classes, electric motors (A.C.) by Metropoliton Vickers. For particulars apply Mr. H. C. Das, Official Liquidator, The Indian Glace Kids Ltd. (in Liq.), 2-1, Mission Row, Calcutta. (1231).

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

A Bargain—Norwegian Glazed Newsprint paper 30" x 40"—50lbs and 35" x 45"—62lbs. For Sale at one Anna and Six Pies per pound. Apply "Bombay Chronicle" Co. Ltd.

Public Notices

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	4-8-0
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Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified Short Advertisement Columns

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS with specification superscribed "Tenders for 250 gallons Bitumen Boiler" will be received up to 4 p.m. of 30th September, 1933, by the Chief Officer, Ahmedabad Municipality.

(Sd.) J. S. MALEK,
Municipal Engineer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.

7283.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS on percentage basis are invited for constructing a building at Warden Road, Mahalaxmi for the Tulsidas Gopalji Charitable Trust estimated to cost about Rs. 50,000/- (Fifty thousand) only

A copy of the Tender can be had from the office of the undersigned during Office hours

The Trustees do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

Messrs. KORA & BHATT,
Architects, &c.
22, Apollo St., Fort.
1283.

Notice To Consignees

S.S. "ALASKA MARU."

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per the above steamer are hereby informed of her arrival here on 23rd September, 1933 from Japan via ports en route and requested to present Bills of Lading for counter-signature without delay. Applications for survey should be made in writing to the undersigned within 7 days after discharging and prior to removal of cargo from the Landing Shed.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

Legal Notices

In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT VII of 1913;

and

IN THE MATTER OF THE ABU AYURVEDIC PHARMACEUTICAL COMPANY, Ltd., A Company registered under the Indian Companies' Act VII of 1913 having its Registered Office in Bombay.

MANILAL DALSUKHBHAI SHAH, of Bombay, Residing at Adeswar Chawl, Pydhonie outside the Fort of Bombay. ... . Petitioner.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Petition for winding up the abovenamed Company made to the High Court of Judicature at Bombay on the 19th day of July, 1933, by the Petitioner abovenamed is proposed to be withdrawn at the request of the Company and that the said Petition is directed to be heard before the Honourable Mr. Justice Rangnekar on the 29th day of September, 1933, on the question of the said withdrawal and that any creditor or contributory of the said Company desirous to oppose the said withdrawal should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his Counsel for that purpose.

For further particulars if necessary apply to:—

Messrs. JOSHI & CO.,
Attorneys for the Petitioner,
Old Oriental Building,
65, Esplanade Road, Fort,
Bombay.

Bombay, 25rd September, 1933.
7282.

Legal Notices

Sheriff's Proclamation

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT No. 1072 of 1927.

(1) ARDESHIR MERWAN IRANI and (2) JAMSHED KHODAMURAD IRANI, both of Bombay, Persian Zoroastrian inhabitants, residing at Lamington Road, outside the Fort and Mint Road, within the Fort of Bombay, respectively .... Plaintiffs.

vs.

(1) SADAKALLY KIKABHAI, (2) ABASBHAI SADAKALLI, (3) ABDULALLY SADAKALLY, (4) MOHSIN SADAKALLI, (5) MOYED SADAKALLI, a minor under the age of 18 years by his guardian-ad-litem Sadakalli Kikabhai, (6) SARABAI SADAKALLI and (7) AMABAI SADAKALLI, a minor under the age of 18 years by her guardian-ad-litem Sadakalli Kikabhai, all of Bombay Borah Mahomedan inhabitants the heirs and legal representatives of Bai Mariambai deceased all of them except Abdulally Sadakally Defendant No. 3, whose whereabouts are not known residing at Grant Road outside the Fort .. Defendants.

WHEREAS by a Consent decree made in the above suit on the 27th day of June, 1932, it was inter alia ordered that the Defendants do out of the estate of the deceased Mariambai, wife of Sadakalli Kikabhai pay to the Plaintiffs their costs of the suit incurred up to the 20th day of January, 1930, when taxed and noted in the margin thereof and a further sum of Rs. 100

AND WHEREAS by a Warrant of Sale, dated the fifteenth day of July, 1933, the Sheriff of Bombay was directed to sell by public auction all the right title and interest of the abovenamed defendants in the lands and premises in the said Warrant mentioned, (subject to the rights of the mortgagee and without prejudice to his rights to deal with the attached property in terms of his security), i.e., All that piece or parcel of land of Foras tenure now redeemed from the cess payable thereon containing by admeasurement four hundred and eighty square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. 13922, New Survey No. 17367 and Cadastral Survey No. 1201 of Girgaum Division together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under "J" Ward Nos. 1790-91 and Street Nos. 13, 15 and 1 and all which premises are situate at and on the Eastern Side of Lamington Road at Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and are bounded, on or towards the East by the property of Abdulhussein Kalimuddin, on or towards the West by the said Lamington Road, on or towards the North by the property of Dwarkadas Lallubhoy and on or towards the South by the property of Ahmedally Kamruddin.

NOW IT IS HEREBY PROCLAIMED AND NOTIFIED that on the 10th day of October, 1933, at the hour of 4 o'clock in the afternoon the Sheriff of Bombay will under and by virtue of the said Warrant of sale, dated 15th July, 1933, put up for sale by Public Auction on the premises to the highest bidder and without reserve the right, title and interest of the said defendants in the said lands and premises or in so much thereof as may be necessary for the satisfaction of the said decree, costs, costs of previous and of this execution together with Sheriff's poundage.

Intimation is given that the Court does not warrant the correctness of the above description of the premises nor the title of the said Defendants to the same or to any interest therein.

Should the said Defendants have no saleable interest whatever in any lot to be sold in accordance with this Proclamation any sum paid by the purchaser by way of full or part payment for the same will be repayable to the purchaser.

The abovementioned Plaintiffs have not obtained permission to bid at the sale

Of the price of the lot one-fourth shall be paid forthwith when the lot is knocked down to a purchaser: the remainder

Legal Notices.

of the purchase money must be paid in that case by the purchaser to the Sheriff on or before the fifteenth day after the sale.

The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the Court.

In default of payment in whole or in part as above prescribed any sum paid as deposit will be forfeited to the Government and the lot will be sold free from any interest therein or in the proceeds thereof of the prior purchaser.

For further information and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the Sheriff, or at the office of Messrs. Lam and Co., attorneys for the Plaintiffs, 24-26, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 5th day of September 1933.

HUGH G. COCKE,
Sheriff of Bombay.
7280

AUCTION SALES

SORABJEE

COWASJEE & Co.
AUCTIONEERS.
123, Meadows Street, Fort.
BOMBAY.

WEEKLY SALE ON WEDNESDAY, the 27th September, 1933, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at the Sale Rooms of the Auctioneers:—

By order of the Bank concerned:—

1 Case Platen press "Zifa 111" for power drive with fixed and loose pulleys. 1 Case Cutting Machine "Cutma" 20½" for power drive, 1 case machinery accessories. 1 case 36 pairs Gents Canvas Cricket Boots No. 2870, 1 Case Patent Medicine:- 43-10/12 dozen Yeast Vite Tablets, ½ dozen Robeleine and 12 dozen Enos Fruit Salt.

Property of a Club:—Card tables, teapoys, chairs, ice box, counter, crockery, cutlery, cooking utensils, etc.

Property of Parsi Gentlemen:—Large sideboard, carved table, easy chair, baby's cradle, Chubb's safe size 24" x 18" x 18"" Kasriel Harmonium with case, gramophone electric ceiling fan, etc.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

BENNETT & Co.
120, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE MACHINERY.

Under instructions from Messrs Clarke Rawlins Ker & Co., of Calcutta, Administrators of the Estate of B. D. Bery, deceased and Attorneys for Mrs. Bery, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction in separate lots (TO-DAY) Monday, the 25th instant at the godown at Russell Street, Masjid Bunder Station at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Machinery such as ice machine, oil engines, shaff-cutters, washing and various kinds of machines.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF PORTABLE GRAMOPHONES AND "DECCA" RECORDS.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on FRIDAY, the 29th September, 1933 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction by order of the Party concerned:—

One lot of British-make Portable Gramophones and "Decca" Records.

The above will be sold in separate lots to suit the requirements of the purchasers.

AUCTION SALE OF 50 CASES INDIAN-MADE HOSIERY.

Under instructions from the manufactures concerned, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will on SATURDAY, the 30th September, 1933, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction, in separate lots at their rooms:—

50 Cases Hosiery, manufactured at Shri Krishnarajendra Mills, Ltd., Mysore, such as Cardigan Pull-overs and Coats, size 26 to 32- Undershirts, Sleeveless, size 18 to 34. Macco Cheddies, Bleached and dyed, Vests size 18 to 32, etc.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of Sale.

BENNETT & CO.,

Income Tax & Sup.. Tax
Statutory Statement of Accounts Prepared Audit of Books of Firms undertaken
Telephone No 22997
B. L. THOSAR
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY

N. Y. K. LINE
BOMBAY-JAPAN via COLOMBO & PORTS

Steamers.	Tons	Arrive	Leave
Calcutta Maru	5339	21 Sep.	28 Sep
Malacca Maru	5374	2 Oct.	10 Oct
Bengal Maru	5396	8 Oct	23 Oct
*Tango Maru	7000	30 Oct	10 Nov

*Passenger steamer with exclusive accommodation and services £50 Return.

COLOMBO-JAPAN via PORTS

Steamers.	Tons	Leave Colombo
Suwa Maru	1070	4 Oct
Fushimi Maru	11000	17 Oct
Hakozaki Maru	10500	30 Oct

COLOMBO-MARSEILLES-LONDON

Steamers.	Tons	Leave Colombo
Haruna Maru	10500	27 Sept
Katori Maru	10000	12 Oct

HONGKONG-SAN FRANCISCO

Steamers	Tons	Leave Hongkong
Tatsuta Maru	17000	18 Oct
Asama Maru	17000	1 Nov

KOBE-SEATTLE via VANCOUVER

Steamers	Tons	Leave Kobe
Hikawa Maru	11600	21 Oct
Hiye Maru	11600	11 Nov

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Phone No 20279: Telegrams "YUSEN."

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AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE

Palmist and Astrologer
We can give correct predictions of happiness and miseries of whole life. See personally or write the time of birth or the time of writing the letter. We have satisfied numerous clients and have obtained certificates to that effect. Charges Rs. 2 only.
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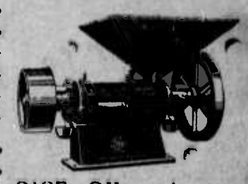
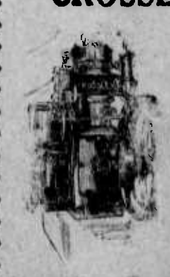
Near Dadar Post Office. Behind Narielwala Agiari. Parmarthi Bungalo, Bombay 14.

FOR SALE
Rice Hullers
Polishers

RICE, OIL and FLOUR MILLS.
CROSSLEY

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Prices greatly reduced
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Simply send us a post card with the name of any flower together with your name and address. And we shall send you by V.P.P. for Re. 1|- only (Postage extra) a detailed account of your forthcoming 12 months; showing among other things profit and loss in business promotion, transfer and reduction in service, births, marriages, happiness and other bodily ailments. Directions will also be sent to safeguard yourself from the coming evil influences of the stars. A trial will convince you of the accuracy of our prophecies. Note:—A reward of Rs 100 shall be awarded to any challenging our statement.
PROF. G. SHUNKAR,
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FEVER-DROPS
The wonderful and cheapest remedy for all kinds of fevers including typhoid. Perfectly harmless and has no after effects of quinine. 24 doses bottle only for 5 annas. Can be conveniently carried in a pocket.
Available at JADHAVJEE GOVARDHANDAS, AMERSEY KHIMJEE ORIENTAL MEDICAL STORES and others, Bombay 2.

THE CARLTON FOCUS OF BOMBAY'S BEST TALKIES
Daily at 6 30 & 10 p.m. Thursday Matinee at 4 p.m.
"I LOVED YOU WEDNESDAY
FOX GIANT MUSICAL
With
ELISSA LANDI, WARNER BAXTER
Two enchanting songs and the gorgeous "Dance of the Maidens"
Plans at S. ROSE & CO., and at the Theatre.

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on 15 December, 2016

CITY AND SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu—Aso Shud, 6, 1989
Muslim—Jama-di-Akhar 3, 1352
Parsi—Farvandin 19, 1303
Sunrise—6h 28m
Sunset—6h 34m
Hightide—3-28; 15-67
Lowtide—9-06; 21-23

PHASES OF THE MOON: First Quatrer 26th Sept. 9h. 6m. p.m. Full Moon 3rd October 10h. 38m. p.m. Last Quarter 11th October 10h. 16m. p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

12 noon Selection of Indian Music.
12-30 p.m. Selection of European music.
1 p.m. Bombay market: Opening rates. Close Down.
5-30 p.m. All India Rugger Tournament
Running Commentary by Major A. G. Kenchington M.C., R.T.C. Relayed from the Cooperage.
Indian Programme
7 p.m. Light Music
Miss Lakdawalia
Instrumental Music
Mahomed Khan Surbahar solo
8 p.m. Cotton, Silver, Gold Seeds, Wheat, Stock Exchange and other market prices.
Interval
Indian Programme
8-45 p.m. News in Hindi
New York opening. Liverpool closing and Bombay Current rates
European programme
9 p.m. Weather report and News Bulletin.
"Here and There" by the Globe-trotter.
9-30 p.m. Chamber Concert
Piano—Miss Enid Blake, L.R.A.M.
1st Violin—Mr. Mehli N. Mehta
2nd Violn—Mr. S. Vaz
Viola—Sig. O. Savini
'Cello—Mr. A. J. Saldanha
1. Piano trio in "G" Major Haydn
2. String Quartet in "A" Minor, Schumann
3. Violin solo La Folia, Corelli
Mr. Mehli N. Mehta
4. Cello Solo Nocturne Goltermann
Mr. A. J. Saldanha
5. Piano trio in "D" Minor Arensky
6. String Quartet in "D" Major Greig.
7. Piano Quintet in "F" Minor Brahms.
11 p.m. Close down.

YOU'LL KNOW

That There Is A Personal As Well As Mechanical Side To Consider In Every Detail Of Construction When You See

THE REGAL.

The Theatre Magnificent
THE FINEST EAST OF SUEZ

MEN !
MEN !
MEN !!

Showering Wealth On Her—Risking Their Freedom—Daring Scandal For Her Favour—But Not One Could Understand The Sacrifice She Made For The One Man She Loved!

WILL YOU UNDERSTAND

Come and Decide
TO-NIGHT AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.
At Bombay's Leading Talkie House

THE CAPITOL

4 p.m. Holiday Matinee on THURSDAY

M.G.M.'s DRAMA BASED ON THE AMAZING STORY OF A GIRL'S LIFE!

Midnight Mary
Midnight Mary

WHOSE BEAUTY NONE COULD RESIST
Starring The Bewitching
Loretta Young
and a big cast including
UNA MERKEL
FRANCHOT TONE
RICARDO CORTEZ

Also Showing
THEIR FIRST MISTAKE
With The Inimitable
Laurel & Hardy
AND A SPORTING SPECIAL
"MOTOR CYCLE MANIA"
LATEST NEWS BY AIRMAIL

DAILY AMUSEMENT

IMPERIAL:—"MIRZA SAHIBAN" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
CAPITOL:—"MIDNIGHT MARY" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CARLTON—"I LOVED YOU WEDNESDAY" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE:—"THE DEVIL IS DRIVING." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON:—"SO THIS IS AFRICA" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END.—"RAJRANI MIRA" Daily at 5-30 8 and 10-30 p.m.
GLOBE—AURAT-KA-PYAR" Daily at 5-15 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC. — "KURUKSHETRA" Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
ROXY—"WALTZ TIME" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA: — "HARISCHANDRA" Daily at 4, 7-15 and 10-30 p.m.

EMPIRE BROADCASTING

4-30 p.m. to 6-30 p.m. Transmission on an omni-directional seriol: 11-0 Cinema Organ Recital; 11-45 Studio Orchestral Concert; 12-30-1. O Melody in Music (gramophone records)
4-30 Time Signal from Big Ben, Light Orchestral Concert (gramophone records)
5-15 A sports talk.
5-30: Time Signal from Greenwich. Brass Band Concert (gramophone records)
6-15 News Bulletin. Dairy Produce, Pig and Poultry Notes, supplied by the Intelligence Service of the Empire Marketing Board.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE

UTHAMNA CEREMONY.

Seth Dadabhoy Framji Rustamji Cama, son of Hamabai, daughter of the First Parsi Baronet Sir Dinshaw Maneckji Petit and brother of Bai Heerabai Dadabhai Nowroji Saher, died on Saturday, the 23rd September. His Uthamna ceremony will take place to-day at 3 p.m. at his bungalow Hill Grainge, Pedder Road, Bombay.

WORSHIP OF PANCHDEV

To-day (Monday) at 7 p.m. (S. T.) in the Mandvi Arya Samaj Mandir, Pundit Ramchandra Damodar will deliver a public lecture on "Worship of Panchdev." All are invited to attend.

DURGA PUJA OF BENGALI RESIDENTS.

"Amantran and Adhibhas" today (Monday) at 6-30 to 8-30 p.m. and Musical entertainments.

FOUND:—A B. B. and C. I. Railway season ticket between Santa Cruz and Grant Road issued in favour of B. Kannan has been found. Owner may take delivery of it from the "Chronicle" Office.

NAVRATRA MANDAL (PAREL).

To-day (Monday) at 7 to 9 p.m Garba (ladies from Vile Parle) and lectures by Messrs. Tairsee and Shivdas Chapsi and Violin Solo by Mr. P. M. Narayanrao Ayar at 10-30 p.m.

PROF. K. T. SHAH'S LECTURE.

A public lecture will be delivered by Prof. K. T. Shah on "The Prosperity Plans of President Roosevelt" to-day (Monday) the 25th September at 6 p.m. in the Convocation Hall of the University under the auspices of the Bombay Students Brotherhood.

BOMBAY SHROFF ASSOCIATION:—The Committee of the Bombay Shroff Association at their meeting held on Sunday have passed the following resolution:—

"It is resolved that the members of the Bombay Shroff Association should close their Hundi and other business on Monday (25th inst.) on account of the sad and untimely demise of Shree Tilkayat Maharaj Shri Gordhanlalji Maharaj."

TAXI OWNERS' ASSOCIATION

Deputation Proposed To Wait On Police Chief

The following resolutions were passed at a meeting of the Bombay Taxi-owners held at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall last week:

That an Association called the Taxi owners Association be, and is hereby formed.

That the membership fee should be Re. 1 per car per year.

That a Deputation consisting of Messrs. Macmull, Sampat, Dhanjishaw, Balsari, Mogul, Mechado, Duabash, Sohanlal Dawoodkhan and others be sent to the Commissioner of Police to put the grievances of the taxi-owners before him, and that Mr. M. N. Talpade, the Chairman of the meeting, be requested to lead the Deputation.

Messrs. Sampant and Macmull spoke about the difficulties in regard to the new class 2nd tests, the charge of Rs. 4 of every examination of the meter and of the time wasted while the meter was being examined at the Victoria Technical Institute.

All those present joined the new Association and a sum of Rs. 141 together with a donation of Rs. 25 from Mr. K. T. Sampat was collected on the spot.

G. K. U. HAVALDAR STABBED

Two Alleged Assailants Arrested

On Friday night, some Mavalees pounced upon Ganpat havaldar of the Bombay Girni Kamgar Union, who was going to the residence of Mr. Gaikwad of the G. K. U. at Lalbaug.

One Daji Dada, a member of the Young Workers League, it is alleged stabbed Ganpat with a pen-knife and Tavde and Shanker of the Y. W. League helped him in his dastardly offence. Daji and Tavde were arrested by the Police but Shanker managed to escape.

Ganpat Havaldar in an unconscious state was stones removed to K. E. M. Hospital where he was admitted as an in-door patient and immediately treated. He has sustained two stab wounds in the back.

LAMP SUPPLIER SUCCUMBS TO BURNS

One Karim Bux, a Petromax Lamp Supplier, who was being treated for burns, died in the J. J. Hospital on Sunday morning.

It appears that Karimbux, was pumping a petromax lamp in a baloon shop, at Mahaluxmi fair on Friday evening, when accidentally, the lamp burst into flames and Karimbux's clothes caught fire sustaining burns all over the body. He was removed by the Gamdevi police to the J. J. Hospital where he died on Sunday.

STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD

A public lecture on the "Prosperity Plans of Roosevelt" will be delivered by Prof. K. T. Shah on Monday the 25th September at 6 p.m. in the Convocation Hall of the University under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood.

SARASWAT BRAHMIN SAMAJ.

A lecture will be delivered in the Samaj Hall, Girgaon to-day (Monday) at 6-30 p.m. when Mr. V. R. Nerurker will speak on "Comparative observation on the method of teaching in England" and Mr. V. N. Naik will preside. All are cordially invited to attend.

RAHNUMA-I-MAZDAYASNAN SABHA.

Under the auspices of the Rahnuma-i-Mazdayasnan Sabha, a lecture will be delivered at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute's Hall, (Ravelin Street, Hornby Road, Fort), to-day (Monday) at 5-45 p.m. (S. T.) when Ervad Framroze Ardeshir Bode will speak on "Some Holy Characteristic Deeds of Zoroaster" according to the Gathas." All are cordially invited.

DADAR CO-OPERATIVE INSTITUTE.

The first lecture of the series on "The Co-operative Utility of Credit and Producers' Co-operation from Indian standpoint" will be delivered to-day (Monday) at 4 p.m. at the Antonio D'Silva High School, Dadar, by Prof. H. L. Kaji. All high schools in the Dadar and Parel area, are invited to attend.

NEW YORK 'CHANGE FOR NEW JERSEY ?

NEW YORK, September 23.

Owing to atxation in New York City the Stock Exchange has decided to move its business to Newark, New Jersey from October 2.—Reuter's Special.

IRREPARABLE LOSS

To-day's Public Meeting In Memory Of Dr. Besant

In response to the general desire of the people, we, the undersigned convene a public meeting of the citizens of Bombay to-day (Monday) the 25th instant at 6-15 p.m. at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall, when, after the election of the President, the following resolutions will be moved:—

"This public meeting of the citizens of Bombay expresses its sense of irreparable loss at the passing away of Dr. Annie Besant, one of the most illustrious personalities of the age, and records its deep and grateful appreciation of the magnificent and matchless services rendered by her to humanity in general and to India in particular, in manifold directions."

Proposer: Sir Cawasji Jehangir (Jr.)

Seconders: Mr. R. P. Masani, Maulana Shaukat Ali, Mr. B. G. Horniman, Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas and Srimati Lilavati Munshi.

"This public meeting of the citizens of Bombay resolves that a Committee consisting of..... with power to co-opt, to arrange for a suitable memorial."

Proposer: Mr. K. Natarajan.

Seconders: Mr. M. C. Chagla, Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, Dr. G. V. Deshmukh, Mr. Kanji Dwarkadas, and Mr. F. J. Ginwala.

"This public meeting of the citizens of Bombay resolves that the copies of the above resolutions be forwarded to the Head Quarters of the Theosophical Society."

Proposer: Mr. Faiz B. Tyabjee.

Seconders: Mrs. Mitha Lam and Mr. Mawji Govindji.

Srimati Sarojini Naidu will preside.

(Sd.) M. K. GANDHI
SAROJINI NAIDU.

M. C. Javle, Purshottamdas Thakurdas, Chunilal V. Mehta, R. P. Masani, Shaukat Ali, Jamnadas Dwarkadas, B. G. Horniman, Vishwananda, B. F. Bharucha, F. J. Ginwala, D. N Bahadurji, G. V. Deshmukh, V Chandavarkar, Ratansi D. Morarji, Kanji Dwarkadas, Mavji Govindji, D. G. Dalvi, Mitha Lam, Jamnadas M. Mehta, M. C. Chagla, K. R. P. Shroff, A. L. Nair, Kaikobad Cowasji Dinshaw, Lallubhai Samaldas, H. P Mody, K. Natarajan, Eruch J. Tarapore, Jehangir Hormusji Cama, D. F. Cama and various others.

SOUTH INDIAN RESIDENTS OF BOMBAY

"Calico" originates from Calicut. Such was the fame and busy market of Khadi in South India.

Even to-day the Tamil Nad Branch of the All-India Spinners' Association tops the list of both Khadi Production and Khadi Sales.

Both the present and past signify your love towards Khadi.

Would you require any reminder on the occasion of the current Gandhi Jayanti to demonstrate your historic love towards Khadi?

CHEAP MONEY IN LONDON MARKET

Supplies Continue Ample For All Requirements

(Special Cable.)
LONDON, September 23.

The money market, conditions are practically unaltered, supplies continuing ample for all requirements. Great interest is aroused in this week's offerings of 45 million sterling treasury bills owing to year-end maturity.

Demand by banks is keen and fresh low record is established in the cheap government borrowing, the average rate being just over 4 and 9 pence which is about 8 vence below the previous low record.

In the foreign exchanges, movement to-day is very narrow Rubber firmly held, other commodities being featureless.

UNFAVOURABLE TRADE BALANCE

Largest For Seven Years Reported By U. S. Commerce Dept.

(Special Cable.)
WASHINGTON, September 23.

Largest unfavourable trade balance for seven years has been revorted by the Department of Commerce.

August imports exceeded exports by 24 million dollars.

The exports are 131 million dollars compared to 144 in July.

HARIJAN DAY AT MANDVI

Speaker Exhorts To Keep Clean In Mind And Body

The third Harijan day at Mandavi began with distribution of sweetmeats to Harijan boys and girls and sports at Valapakhad. At a unique gathering representing all the castes of Hindus at Mandvi Shrimati Monghben Mavajibhai Kantanwala presided.

The proceedings began with the favourite song of Bapuji. The boys of Valapakhadi presented guard of honour and played the national anthem on band and drums. The following were present:—

Messrs M.K. Mehta, D.K. Bhatt, Miss Latabhen Mehta the members of the khadi Pherry mandal and Prabhuram Joshi and Mansukhlal Virji. Four items of sports were gone through and a dozen prizes were awarded to the boys and girls.

Dr. P. H. Meisheri the president of this ward committee addressed the meeting and requested the Harijans to keep clean in body and mind. Then Smt. Monghibhen distributed sweets to all. The meeting terminated with a song of Vande-Mataram.

Earlier in the day Messrs. M. K. Mehta, D. K. Bhatt and Mohanlal Panachand went round about the chawals and made some suggestions and were pleased with the welfare work of the "Hindu Samaj."

CELEBRATION OF YERAVDA PACT

Inter-Caste Dinner Held At Petit Hall, On Sunday

Under the auspices of the Lokamanya Tilak Utsav Mandal, an inter-caste dinner to celebrate the Yeravda Pact and Gandhi Jayanti was given in the Petit Hall, DeLisle Road, on Sunday.

Mr. Jinabhai P. Joshi presided at the celebrations, where over 100 people were present. Among those present were Dr. M. B. Wadgaonkar, Dr. A. P. Naik, Messrs. Yadavoo, S. S. Shinde, Rane and several other Harijan workers.

After the dinner, Mr. Jinabhai P. Joshi addressed the gathering on the implications of the Yeravda Pact, and exhorted the audience to work earnestly for the uplift of the Harijans.

AMERICA AND DISARMAMENT

Optimistic About Outcome Of Paris Talks

WASHINGTON, September 23.

Significance is attached to the intimation given to the press by the Secretary of State that if disarmament is obtained by foreign Powers, the United States will do nothing to prevent the enforcement of any penalties against violators of treaty.

Mr. Hull said that Mr. Norman Davis had not yet reported on the outcome of his Paris conversations, but it was possible that some agreement might be reached which could be taken to Geneva.—Reuter's Special.

COMMUNAL TENSION IN DHARWAR

Molestation Of Brahmin Visitors To Shantiniketan

(From A Correspondent.)
DHARWAR, Sept. 22.

Some mischievous people here have recently begun to molest the devout visitors to the local institution called Ramashrama or Shantiniketana, started some three months ago by some Rajput devotees of Shri Rama.

They particularly molest Brahmins visiting the institution, but fortunately their conduct is much disliked by all sensible people who fear communal tension and who feel that the institution is doing useful service to the Hindu public

IMPERIAL AIRWAYS' EXTENDED SERVICE

LONDON, Sept. 23.

Another milestone in the development of Imperial air routes was reached when the weekly air-mail left Croydon for India to-day as the service will not operate as far as Rangoon, thus saving 15 days in the journey compared with the sea route.

Meanwhile, developments are proceeding for the extension of service to Singaport by December and later to Australia.—Reuter.

"MY LIFE WILL BE WRECKED IF I GO BACK TO HER"

Court's Suggestion To Parties In Maintenance Case, On Failure To Reach Settlement

"My life will be wrecked if I go back to her," was the respondent's answer to the Court, when Mr. Oscar H. Brown Presidency Magistrate, Fifth Court, Dadar, asked him to take back the applicant who was claiming maintenance on the ground of desertion. The Magistrate observed that the suggestion from the Court was not to be construed as one that should be obeyed as no Court had the power to force a man to go and live with a woman, if he did not choose to do so voluntarily.

In this case Mrs. Mabel Brighte is claiming maintenance from her husband Mr. Arthur Brighte, on the ground of desertion.

It will be recalled that at the very outset of the proceedings, Mr. Salazar for the Respondent had raised a preliminary objection on the ground that the Court had no jurisdiction to try the case, as Mrs. Brighte had left the protection of the respondent while he was residing at Hyderabad, Deccan. He further submitted that the present place of residence of the respondent was Kalyan. Counsel stated that although he was raising these preliminary issues he was prepared to face the trial and prove that the applicant was not entitled to any maintenance.

Mr. Dias, for the applicant, contended that as the respondents place of business was in Bombay the Court had jurisdiction. The Magistrate, however, deferred passing any orders, and heard the evidence in the case.

MR. PRINCE'S EVIDENCE.

Mr. Prince who described himself as an "advertising executive" in his evidence, on behalf of the applicant, stated that he knew the parties in the case. Mr. Brighte, he stated, stayed with him for about 8 days on his return from Hyderabad (Deccan), and left him to take up quarters at Kalyan.

He had received odrders for letter-heads and visiting cards from Mrs. Jones, and she had come to the office in this connection. He met her downstairs, and spoke to her when she had called to see him on that occasion.

Witness stated that only on one occasion he had gone to Mrs. Jones' house with Mr. Brighte but returned to his home with Mr Brghte after dinner.

RECONCILATION OR DIVORCE?

Cross-examined by Mr. Salazar, witness stated he knew Mrs. Brighte for a number of years On her return from Hyderabad witness attempted to bring about a reconciliation between Mrs. Brighte and the respondent, but failed. The witness was requested by Mrs. Brighte to persuade the respondent to give her a divorce, as she wanted her freedom. Witness communicated to Mr. Brighte the request of the applicant, and was told that the request should be reduced to writing. Mr. Salaz. handed to witness a chit and asked him whether this was written by Mrs. Brighte to Mr. Brighte in which she had put down in writing her request. Witness perused the chit and replied that it was the have no bearing in this case which was for maintenance. He was prepared to lead evidence to one received by Mr. Brighte.

At this stage witness showed great reluctance to answer questions bearing on the point of why Mrs. Brighte wanted her freedom. Pressed for an answer witness said that the applicant, he gathered, had the intention of marrying a police officer.

BED-ROOM SCENE.

Witness admitted under cross-examination that he was present in the room of Mrs. Brighte, when as a result of undue familiarity displayed by another man towards the applicant, he was struck by a police officer who was present at the time.

Court: What prompted this action?

Witness: I think it was jealousy.

On Friday last the counsel for the applicant applied for a short adjournment, as mutual friends had intervened, and there was a possibility of a settlement. His Worship expressed his desire to see an early settlement of this case, as it was unfortunate, he observed, to find two young people allowing their lives to be wrecked in this manner

Mr. Salazar said that as a matter of fact the defamation case had already been satisfactorily settled, and it was likely that this case will also be settled.

The respondent was then called into the witness-box, and questioned if he would take back his wife. "My life will be wrecked if I go back to her," was the prompt reply given by the respondent.

Mr. Dias pointed out that the compositon of the defamation case was contingent upon the settlement of this case.

Mr. Salazar said, that the defamation case could possibly prove the composition which was signed by both parties and partly acted upon.

The Magstrate observed that both cases were still on the record and if the maintenance suit was settled the other would go out automatically.

The Magistrate adjourned further hearing of the case to October 24.

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FOR THE COMING AJMER HINDU MAHASABHA

Secretary Contradicting Press Reports Says, Reception Committee Was Duly Formed And Recognised

The Hon. Secretary of the Hindu Mahasabha, (Head Office) Delhi, in the course of a bulletin issued about the next session of the Sabha to be held at Ajmer from 14th to 17th October says:—

There have been appearing certain reports over the squabbles regarding the elections of the Reception Committee, and several apprehensions are being aroused by mischief-mongers regarding the preparations of the Hindu Mahasabha by the Reception Committee.

The Hindu Mahasabha Head Office has made a thorough enquiry in the matter and is in a position to say that no elections of the Reception Committee due to be held, and it was due to misunderstanding that it was given out by a certain office-bearer of the Reception Committee that fresh elections would be held.

UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

Such an announcement is "Ultra Virus" under rule 29 of the Hindu Mahasabha amended constitution which definitely lays down that the Provincial Hindu Sabha of the Province where the Session is to be held shall form a Reception Committee atleast four months before the annual Session; and according to which a Reception Committee at Ajmer was formed some six months back and its office bearers elected in a well-advertised meeting held at Ajmer on the 1st April, 1933.

This Reception Committee was duly recognised by the Hindu Mahasabha and has been carrying on its work successfully and enthusiastically. It is therefore hereby notified that no Reception Committee other than that which was formed on the 1st April, 1933 shall be recognised as a legally formed body.

R. C. MEMBERS.

The following office-bearers of the said Reception Committee were then elected and have been duly recognised by the Hindu Mahasabha Head Office:—

Prof. Ghisoolal, Advocate, President; Messrs. Vaidya Raj Kalyan Singh, Vice-President; Kanwar Chand Karan Sarda, Advocate, Secretary; Babu Motilal, Pleader, Joint Secretary; Babu Ramdhan, Joint Secretary; Babu Durga Prasad, Joint Secretary; Thakar Airshav Singh Dongi, Joint Secretary; Babu Mulchand, Pleader, Joint Secretary.

The preparation for the pandal and arrangements for the residence of the delegates of the Hindu Mahasabha are briskly apace the details of which will be published in the next bulletin.

POSING AS C.I.D. INSPECTOR?

Goan Christian Lad Released On Furnishing Bond For Good Behaviour

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI Sept. 22.

A Goan Christian lad, named Sonny J. Manuel, was tried before the Additional City Magistrate of Karachi on a charge of posing as a C. I. D. Inspector but was released on a bond for good behaviour and giving two sureties for a period of six months.

The accused, it was alleged, had gone to the house of one Sigaman, and told him that he was a C. I. D. Officer and he should render to him an account of the money left with him by the mother of a girl named Elizabeth. Sigaman consulted a friend who advised him to make a complaint to the police when the accused comes again for taking account of Elizabeth's money.

The police eventually arrested the accused and challaned him.

RESCUE HOME'S PROGRESS

15 Women & 6 Children Disposed Of In August

The following is a short report of the Hindu Women's Rescue Home Society for the month of August:—

At the beginning of August the number of inmates at the Ashram was 47 women and 17 children. During the month 3 new women and 3 children were added and 15 women and 6 children were disposed of.

Of these three are married, two widows and three unmarried.

Of the children disposed of 10 Returned to Guardians. 2 Sent to Hospitals, Maratha Hospital 1, Vigilance Assn. 1, 1 Employed and 2 Sent back to Court.

At the end of the month 40 women and 14 children remained at the Ashram.

DONATIONS

The following donations were received during the period:—

	Rs.
Tilak Purse Fund. Poona, through Mr. N. C. Kelkar	300
Mrs. Rajkumaribai Narayanlal	153/5
Swarupchand	50
M. N. Patel (B. E. Africa)	33/14
D. S. Deshpande	50
Messrs. Rawji Velji and Co., Bombay	50
L. S. Mhatre, Bombay	21
Gomantak Maratha Samaj, Bombay	15
Total	673/3/6

Mr. S. S. Patkar (formerly Judge, Bombay High Court) paid a visit to the Home.

DISILLUSIONMENT COMES TO SINDHI PILGRIM

Tells Delhi Magistrate How He Was Trapped Into Marriage

An amusing story of how a Sindhi visitor to Delhi fell into the clutches of a clever woman, who had been operating along with other crooks and was lured into marriage with her in return for some money only to be accosted with a bogus husband of the woman a few days later and blackmailed and cheated, was laid bare, when prosecution evidence was recorded in a cheating case (section 420 I. P. C.) against Kiroro, Suraj Narain and Mst. Pemo in the court of the City Magistrate, Delhi. Two other accused in the case are said to be absconding, says the 'Hindustan Times."

It was alleged, during evidence, that some time back the complaint Pundan Mal of Sind, who had set out on a pilgrimage after visiting other places in the country, came to Delhi also and stayed in a local Hindu hotel in Fatehpuri. He somehow fell into the clutches of the accused who brought him round to contract marriage with the accused Mst. Pemo in consideration of some money which the complainant agreed to pay and did pay. Subsequently, the couple left homewards but at Sampla Railway station he was surprised by accused Kirori, who threatened the complainant for disappearing with Mst. Pemo who he said was his legally married wife. The complainant was naturally nonplussed and more so because the woman would also play to the tune of Kirori. The party, subsequently, returned to Delhi and the complainant told the police the story of his misadventure in the domain of matrimony.

The case stands adjourned for further hearing.

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MARGO SOAP
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Made from NEEM Oil, purified and deodorised by our patented process, it is the only genuine Neem Soap very often imitated but never equalled in quality.

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WHAT CAN THEY BE DOING?

COMPETITION

1st PRIZE Rs. 500	2nd PRIZE Rs. 200	3rd PRIZE Rs. 100

AND Rs. 200 IN CONSOLATION PRIZES

Here is a Competition that will appeal to all. Its Keynote is Simplicity. Only SIXTEEN PICTURES with just SIXTEEN CLUES. All you have to do is to apply the right Clue to the right Picture. For example: Picture No. 1 shows a man smoking. On glancing down the List of Clues, you come across the word "SMOKING," No. 3, and this is the correct answer. Now get to work on the remaining Fifteen and secure a substantial Prize.

RULES.

1. After you have selected the right Clues for the Pictures, enter only the NUMBER of the clue, against the appropriate Number of the illustration, as shown in the example. Do not enter the words of the clue.
2. When you have filled in all the clues, add your full name and address, enclose EIGHT ANNAS IN STAMPS and post it to the

COMPETITION MANAGER,
"Bombay Chronicle" Co., Ltd.
Post Box No. 706,
Bombay.

Competitors submitting their entries by REGISTERED POST must direct the same to the address given in Rule 4.

3. Any number of entries may be sent in the same cover, provided a separate EIGHT ANNAS in Stamps is enclosed for each entry. Insufficient Stamps will disqualify the Competitor.
4. Local competitors may hand in their entries personally at the offices of the "Bombay Chronicle," Red House, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, and obtain receipts for the same. Cash will be accepted at the Counter.
5. All entries must reach this Office not later than the last post on 29TH SEPT. 1933. Entries received after this date will not be included and will be declared forfeit.
6. In case of ties the Management reserves the right to divide the prizes amongst the winning Competitors.
7. All Competitors enter the Competition on the distinct understanding that the Management's decision is legal and binding in all matters pertaining to this Competition, and no correspondence will be entertained.
8. Results will be announced in our issue of the "Bombay Chronicle" and "Bombay Samachar" on the 5TH OCTOBER, 1933.

This is a Joint Competition appearing in the "Bombay Chronicle" and "Bombay Samachar" simultaneously.

COMPLETE LIST OF CLUES.

(1) Reading	(9) Walking
(2) Bathing	(10) Running
(3) Smoking	(11) Washing
(4) Driving	(12) Calculating
(5) Chasing	(13) Eating
(6) Thinking	(14) Escaping
(7) Leaping	(15) Counting
(8) Cleaning	(16) Resting

ENTRY COUPON

No. of Picture	No. of Clue.	No. of Picture	No. of Clue.
1	3	9	
2		10	
3		11	
4		12	
5		13	
6		14	
7		15	
8		16	

Name.....

Address.....

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(2) Local Competitors may pay cash instead of Stamps at the Counter.

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Four classes of tickets. A, B, C, & D of Rs. 5,000; Rs. 2,500; Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 500, respectively.

The scheme to terminate in 25 months.

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A PURELY INDIAN CONCERN UNDER EFFICIENT INDIAN MANAGEMENT

ATTRACTIVE SCHEMES OF CHILDREN'S EDUCATIONAL AND MARRIAGE ENDOWMENTS

A GOOD EMPLOYER FOR ACTIVE AGENTS.

Bombay Branch:
ISMAIL BUILDINGS,
381, Hornby Road.

A scene from Paramount's "The Devil is Driving," starring Edmund Lowe, Wynne Gibson, James Gleason and Dickie Moore, commencing to-day at the Pathe Cinema.

NO PAYMENT TO LANDLORDS?

(Continued From Page 1.)

join the League in their thousands.

CAUSE OF THE TROUBLE.

Mr. Mohomad Hassan, editor of the "Khilafat" seconding the resolution, said that though he was not a tenant himself, he had known enough of the grievances of the tenants to realise the difficulties they were undergoing. Since the war the rents had increased enormously whereas the wages had gone down. When people were not getting enough even to fill their stomachs, where were they to get money for paying rents, he asked? "Where was the necessity of paying rents at all as long as the land belonged to us. The landlords did not bring the land with them. The main cause for all the suffering was the Capitalistic system and Imperialism that had its full sway in India. Such appalling conditions would continue to remain as long as the Capitalistic system was allowed to remain. The speaker was of opinion that the only possible course open under the present conditions was to bring in a move that would be both agreeable to the Government and landlord, and at the same time relieved the poor tenant also. He appealed to the citizens of Bombay to enrol themselves as members of the League.

AGAINST ANY PAYMENT.

Miss Maniben Kara said that she was paying no rents at all. The land belonged to the workers who toiled day and night. Why should rent be paid to landlords who were going about in their cars. There were several workers at Dadar and Parel, who were sleeping on the footpath, as they could not pay the enormous rent demanded of them. The speaker asked as to why rents should be paid at all as long as there were several buildings all over the city vacant and unoccupied. She did not believe that anything good would come out of the present legislatures, constituted as they were to-day. But as she believed in taking what was got and fighting for more—though she was for paying no rent at all,—she supported the above resolution.

OBJECT OF LEAGUE

Mr. Mohemad Ebrahim, President of the Tenants League, explained the aims and objects of the League and said that the League stood for getting relief for the oppressed tenants of Bombay. He said that if the leaders of the country, who had failed to achieve Hindu-Muslim Unity, really put forward an immediate economic programme affected which India's millions, the Unity would be achieved much earlier than if they began only speaking and discussing about Swaraj and Complete Independence.

The resolution was put to vote and carried unanimously.

Mr. Badrul Hassan Jalali moved the following resolution:

"This meeting of the tenants of Bombay resolves to accord its stalwart support to the Tenancy Bill of Mr. R. R. Bhakale, and demands from the members of the Bombay Legislative Council support to the Bill when it comes before the Legislative Council in November 1933."

LEND MR. BAKHALE SUPPORT.

The mover said that the Capitalistic system could not thrive long in India. Though they had monopolised everything without helping the workers in any way, the end of the present system was not long off. What could poor Mr. Bakhale do in the Legislative Council with very few supporters. It was for the citizens to lend him support, and make the Councillors realise that the people were behind Mr. Bakhale's Bill.

Speaking about the harrowing conditions under which the tenants were living, the speaker said that a landlord or a capitalist living in Malabar Hill should be asked to motor down to Parel or Dadar, and to see with his own eyes the conditions under which people were living, and if that did not make him feel even a little for the worker, he had no right to possess a bungalow at Malabar Hill.

The speaker appealed to the people to join the League and lend support to he Bill that was being brought in the Council.

Mr. A. N. Sheti said that it was easy to meet on the Chaupatti sands and pass resolutions asking for reduction of rents, and those who were in the Council were composed of mostly landlords themselves, and they would not pass a Bill that would reduce rents. He said that people should organise themselves and fight instead of passing pious resolutions.

The resolution was put to vote and carried.

SATYAGRAH URGED.

Mr. S. H. Jhabwalla, speaking next, said that the present state of economic distress was due to the existence of the capitalistic system and as long as there was that system, there was no use passing resolutions demanding a reduction in rents. He asked the people either to keep quiet or try to get rid of the capitalist system. To hold a meeting and pass resolutions, while the Capitalist system was there was a mere humbug. If the people really wanted reduction of rent then they must organise themselves first and then put up a strong fight. The speaker chalked out a programme and said that if about 1,000 tenants did satyagraha, and did not pay rent and refuse to get out of the houses as long as the rent was reduced, the desired result would soon be there. For that it required organisation and funds. He appealed to the people to join the League in their thousands and help it to fight their battle.

END CAPITALI[illegible]

The Chairman, in his concluding speech, said that he agreed with the previous speakers that there ought to be no rent paying at all and that the Capitalistic system should be first ended. But he believed that in the meantime he would advise to make use of the weapons, however weak they might be to help the sufferers. He said that iniquitious system should be removed brick by brick, till it was pulled down.

Concluding he said, "Let us be up and doing. I appeal to you al to become members of the Tenants League by paying four annas and give us strength to fight your battles."

PRISONERS IN THEIR HOMES

Strikers' Action Against British And Americans

U. S. DESTROYER FOR RESCUE

Officials Negotiate for Peace, but Workers Threaten with Cutting off Water Supply.

HAVANA, September 23.

United States' destroyer is preparing to take on board 16 British and Americans who are virtually held vrisoners in their own home by strikers at Tanamo sugar mills in North Oriente District.

The group includes three women and five children.

It is not intended to land armed forces to effect the rescue although British and Americans are only about a mile-and-half from the coast.

The Tanamo Sugar Mills are owned by Americans.

The United States officials are negotiating with the strikers for the release of foreigners who are facing food shortage, strikers threatening to cut off water supply.—Reuter.

HITLER REGIME REVOLTING

American Labour To Boycott German Goods

WASHINGTON, September 24.

Mr. Green, president of the American Federation of Labour issued a statement to-day indicating that American labour would boycott German products.

He described Hitlerite rule as mediaeval and revolting and said that terrorism in Germany had gone to wilder and wilder extremes and resulted in an open war on trade unionism and even death of many union leaders.

He added that American labour is becoming convinced that boycott was only thing that would bring home to German tyrants, abhorrence in which their rule was held by the rest of the world.—Reuter.

LAWLESSNESS IN CUBA

WASHINGTON, September 23.

The State Department has received reports of increasing lawlessness in some pasts of Cuba, particularly Santiago de Cuba, where foreigners are meeting in order to prepare plans to defend themselves against disorders and rioting.—Reuter.

Uday Shankar Sails For America To-day

Gives Special Musical Performance For Mahatmaji And Makes Donation To Harijan Fund

Among the passengers sailing by the Italian liner S. S. "Conte Verde" to-day are Uday Shankar and the members of his company. They are proceeding to Europe on their way to America where they have been booked for a six months' tour.

During the last few days, Uday Shankar has had a busy time attending to a number of social functions and engagements. Uday Shankar and the other members of his company also visited Mahatma Gandhi during his stay in Bombay. Mahatmaji could not attend his show in aid of the Swadeshi League, having arrived in Bombay too late for the function that day However, in his talks to Uday Shankar, Mahatmaji evinced great interest in his art and work, and at his desire a special musical performance was given by Timir Bhattacharji, Sisir Sovan and Vishnu Das Sirali, three members of the company, which was greatly appreciated by Mahatmaji.

As a token of his sympathy for the untouchables, Uday Shankar has made a donation to the Harijan fund.

Uday Shankar received numerous requests to give some more performances, but he could not do so on account of the preparation of his new programme for America which occupied most of his time.

According to present arrangements, he hopes to return to India this time next year.

"SAIRANDHREE" BY AIR MAIL

"First Indian Talkie That Is Multi-Coloured

KARACHI, Sept. 24

Messrs. R. P. Dhargalkar, K. B. Benediwalla, Sac Patel, are leaving Juhu aerodrome in private plane about 7-45 this morning, arrived here at 5-30 this evening, to take delivery from the eastbound Dutch airmail, due to arrive here to-morrow, of the first Indian Multi-coloured talkie, named "Sairandhree" to be released at Krishna Cinema, Bombay, next week.

The party is leaving Karachi to-morrow afternoon for Bombay.—A. P.

Calcutta:—The All-India Sanathana Dharma Mahasammelan will hold its first session in Calcutta under the Presidentship of His Holiness Gadadgu Annantachariyar Maharaj of Kanch Mutt on the 28th, 29th and 30th September.

Good For The Whole Family

The Safest Laxative In The Tropics

Phenolates are chewing gum tablets. The chewing produces saliva. As the medicine reaches the intestines thoroughly mixed with saliva, it is capable of an immediate well-distributed action over entire intestinal tract. Phenolates are delicious and have the flavour of fresh mint.

Packet annas 2. — Bottle annas 12.

Available everywhere.

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TWO THINGS WORTH KNOWING

FOR YOUR EYES

ANKHI KHOOSH

EYE DROP

A sure cure for:—

OPHTHALMIA. (Conjunctivitis) STYS. SORE, ITCHING or INFLAMED EYES SECRETING flakes of mucus at night Pink eyes in Babies etc.

Stops watering eyes and clears vision.

READ THIS RECOMMENDATION.

ALL INDIA BLIND RELIEF ASSOCIATION.
Bombay, 17th June, 1931.

"ANKHI-KHOOSH" is a simple and efficacious remedy in cases of an inflammatory condition of the eyes. It is bland and soothing to the eye. Motorists and travellers, who are out in the open a good deal will find it of special benefit when the eyes are tired and sore from the effects of heat, glare and dust. Its soothing properties will be found beneficial to cinema-goers.

"ANKHI-KHOOSH" is non-poisonous, and can therefore be recommended as a simple and safe remedy for use in the home.

(Sd.) R. CRAWFORD HUTCHINSON,
Organising Secretary.

Price annas twelve per bottle.

For SKIN TROUBLES

SKINBOONE

LOTION.

Promptly Cures

Ringworm of all kinds
Weeping Eczema.
Infantile wet eczema.
HERPES, eczema on the scalp.
Dhobi's itch,
Barber's itch.
Watering and itching blisters on the foot and on or between toes known as "Hongkong foot."
DELHI SORES, ETC.
NO OIL. NO GREASE.

Will Not Stain Clothes

It dries up on application.
Will not injure the most delicate skin.

Price—
Large size Re. 1/- per bottle.
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Stockists:—Kemp; Thos. Taylor; K. Rustom & Co.; Phillips; Perry; Popular Pharmacy; Madhav Agency; M. T. Madon & Co.; S. Bros.; Monji Vishram & Co.

INTERNATIONAL REMEDIES CO., 4, Queen's Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1933

CONSIDER THE CULTIVATOR!

The Indo-Japanese trade talks began at Simla on Saturday last, with a number of advisers and experts on each side. We hope a genuine effort will be made to come to an arrangement with the Japanese delegation, without being guided by consideration for Lancashire. We are aware that both mill-owners, at least in Bombay, and the Government are under the thumb of Lancashire, and are unwilling to do anything which will jeaopardise the latter's interests in India. The mill-owners must remember, as well as the Government of India, that the most important question to be considered is the greatest good of the largest number of Indians, and from that point of view, all will have to keep in their minds the inarticulate cultivator in the village, on whom both the mill-owner and the Government have to depend for their strength and sustenance. Unfortunately, in this struggle for trade advantage, the whole question is being obscured by the special interests of Lancashire, which have apparently become almost the main issue in all these discussions.

"GIVE AND TAKE."

We can well believe Mr. Sawada's assurance that Japan is actuated by one desire only and that is to "give and take" and none other. As against this Lancashire is more interested in "take" and there is not the slightest talk or suggestion anywhere of "give". Lancashire is still speaking of importing 20,000 bales of Indian cotton as an experimental measure, as against 15 lakhs bales that Japan has purchased from this country year after year. In the meantime, the Japanese boycott has already begun and its effects have been felt on the prices of Indian cotton, though the Indian allies of Lancashire interests, like our mill-owners, have been persistently saying that through its five-year plan Japan is trying to be independent of India as regards her cotton supplies.

Even if it is possible for Japan to be independent of India, is it not too early for us to start the offensive against Japan by giving undue preference to Lancashire? We have no doubt the Indian mill-owners are not much concerned with the cultivator who grows cotton and buys their cloth, in their anxiety to placate Lancashire interests and through their intercession to get all that they want from Whitehall. But there must be some kind of decency in these transactions, and it will be an outrage if the cotton grower is sacrificed on the altar of the Ottawa Agreement.

THE PIVOTAL POINT.

The pivotal point is that Japan objects to the undue preference given to Lancashire, as against other countries. Even at present with the 75 per cent. protection given to them, Indian mills are hardly able to make any headway against either Japan or Lancashire, while the cultivator is penalised for nothing. Is there any sense in this eagerness for Imperial Preference? All that Japan and the Indian cotton grower want is a square deal, but it appears that only the interests of Lancashire and the Indian mill-owner are considered to be supreme in all these discussions. If the undue preference now given to Lancashire were to be taken away, we do not suppose the Japanese Government would have any cause for complaint against India, and Japanese mills would continue to buy Indian cotton as before.

Another question that comes to our mind is whether it is possible to spoon-feed our Indian mills and keep them alive for ever at a huge sacrifice to the public, unless they make some genuine effort to put their house in order? At present they are content to carry on as of old and are not anxious to reform, with the result that most of the mills in Bombay are on the verge of bankruptcy.

THEIR BEST CUSTOMER

We are aware that the prosperity of Bombay is dependent on the prosperity of the mill industry, and that a large number of people are dependent on it. But at the same time, the cultivator, and especially the cotton grower, ought to have his place in the scheme of things. We are not against protecting the mill industry, but we demand that the interests of the cotton grower should be protected at the same time and he cannot be left to shift for himself. What is move, even for the well-being of the mill industry it is essential that the masses should be kept alive, if not prosperous, for without them the mills will not be able to sell their goods.

It is nonsense to suggest to the mill-owners that they should explore other colonial markets,—from which even now efforts are beng made to oust them That suggestion apparently is the only contribution that Lancashire is willing or able to make to the solution of the whole question. Even with the best of intentions, Lancashire will not be able to replace Japan as a buyer of Indian cotton, and the public must demand that the masses shall not be sacrificed for the benefit of a few capitalists, whether in India or England.

Help The Workers

The Bombay Provincial Women's Conference on Labour, held in Bombay during the week end, is perhaps the first of its kind in the country and is an indication of the growing sympathy for the miserable condition of its industrial workmen. The presidential address of Lady Vidyagouri Nilkant, vividly described the plight of the workers toiling in the factories amidst most depressing conditions. How to ameliorate their lot is the more pertinent question on which she naturally laid more stress.

Pointing out how little the State and the employers do for the workmen, she rightly declared that the latter should rely most on themselves, their unions and guilds to better their lot. But society has a heavy responsibility for the shameful treatment it has allowed its labouring section to suffer under for generations. It should, therefore, do everything possible to help the workers to better their position. Institutions like the Women's Conference can do much to help them if they are not content merely with passing resolutions for their welfare but work actively to give effect to such resolutions.

One of the ways in which the public can help industrial labour immediately is to give its due support to the Factories Bill that is now before the Select Committee in the Assembly and to press for improvements in it. The Bill is based on the Whitley Commission's recommendations but does not go far enough to help Labour. But public agitation will help in inducing the Select Committee and later the Assembly to improve it, despite the opposition of many employers to some of its provisions. One of its most important provisions is to reduce the number of hours of work, especially in the case of women and juvenile workers. The present 60-hour week is unconscionable.

We entirely agree with Sir Frank Noyce in his view that a man who spends eleven hours of work in a factory could not be said to live at all, and becomes a mere machine. It is amazing that many millowners, both in Bombay and elsewhere, oppose the proposed reduction of working hours and talk of Japanese competition and various other things that may reduce their profits. Apart from considerations of humanity commonsense should convince one that ten hours' work in a factory is likely to be more efficient than that for eleven hours. Some employers know that long hours of factory work shorten life, but they are confident that when one set of workmen dies prematurely another is ever ready to take its place.

Press Views

India First

So far as the Indian public is concerned, it is determined to see that the country supplies its own cloth and has no desire to depend either on Manchester or on Japan. There is no question of privileges or of bargain in this matter. And when we consider the growing seriousness of the problem of cotton-growers, it is easy, to realise the dangerous consequences of favouring Lancashire against Japan. Indian millowners of Mr. Mody's type will be committing a grave mistake if they think that the Conference is intended only for their accommodation by alliance with this side or that. They have to consider India's interests first and try to serve, instead of exploit, the Swadeshi feeling in the country.—"Swarajya."

Selfish Lancashire

At Ottawa the possibility of Lancashire appearing as a good market for Indian cotton was explored and though there were no reasons for high hopes, sentiments were expressed that led one to hope for some action on the part of Lancashire. Actually, however, while the exports of the United Kingdom to India amounted to Rs. 13 crores in 1932-33, her consumption of Indian cotton had diminished from Rs. 300 lakhs in 1931-32 to Rs. 160 lakhs in 1932-33. In regard to this, the Chairman of the Lancashire Mission cryptically observed that he believed that a great deal could be done and that there were other ways whereby they could help India. Whatever might be the outcome of this pious wish of Sir William, the object of the two delegations now in India seems to be to secure for themselves and for all time a major portion of the textile trade of this country. The attitude of the Bombay Millowners in this connection cannot but be strongly deprecated.—"New Orissa."

Audacious Suggestion

The excellent suggestion is made that Indian millowners should explore Colonial markets for Indian manufactures. The proposal has only to be made before it is laughed out. Here is a big home market which it should be the object of Indian mills to capture. They are asked to leave that free for Lancashire while they are to explore markets abroad. Colonial markets are not to be had for the mere asking and within recent times restrictions have been imposed in more than one such place, on the import of Indian goods. It ought to be the easiest thing for Lancashire to look to those markets herself and utilise the short staple cotton of India for the purpose. Lancashire has no home market for her goods and has to look out for markets elsewhere; whereas we have a market close at hand from which we have been crowded out by consistent endeavours on the part of Lancashire and latterly by Japan. Apart from the obvious waste involved, it requires considerable nerve on the part of any one to suggest such a course.—"Hindustan Times."

A Cruel Joke

The Census Report published yesterday is as impressive as the most exacting would desire. In spite of a century of vigorously enthusiastic and well-organised British trusteeship of Indian masses there is little of industries in India and agriculture—80 per cent, we repeat, of India's millions are peasants—still remains a precarious occupation just keeping the peasant on the margin of bare subsistence. It is true that 8 persons out of every hundred are literate. But the real point is that 92 per cent. are utterly illiterate. What is needed is not enthusiasm over 8 but a confession of failure because of the 92.

Yes, the population has increased to an alarming extent. But to suggest—as if they were the easiest things in the poverty-stricken, uneducated world of India—remedies like birth control and higher standard of life to the people is a cruel joke on their tragic condition.—"National Call."

THE GREAT ILLUSION

Compromise—Whose, With Whom & Why?

By RAM RAI MOHAN RAI, B.A., LLB., in "The Rural Bulletin."

Since our article in the last issue of the "Rural Bulletin"—"Nation's Eye—A Tragedy and a Call"—reproduced in the "Bombay Chronicle" and possibly other newspapers, in connection with Gandhiji's political campaigns and their naked results, analysing the inner causes of disappointments, and attempting to indicate the immediate need of a national realisation of the Fundamentals of Nationhood, Gandhiji has been imprisoned; Gandhiji has undertaken another fast, for Harijan work is like life to him, and it was denied to him in full freedom; and Gandhiji has been release.

His release is hailed with pleasure by all; and interpreted by some as the triumph of spirituality or truth or satyagrah. Frankly, Government has been scared of letting the "dear old man" die for such a prejudice; and Gandhiji is again extending his hand for peace. One would not be surprised if he writes one more supplication to the Viceroy; one would not be surprised if the Viceroy lets the good soul "gas" himself in a chamber at the Viceregal Lodge.

There is meanwhile a cry for re-establishment of the Congress organisation—for which the "Times of India" suggests a meeting of the All-India Congress Committee. Why does not "Times" suggest a release of all A. I. C C. members in Jail? It will be better if the politicians and public understand that the objective behind all this anxiety about the Congress is to foster divisions in the Congress ranks to divide its unity under Gandhiji and his Lieutenants, to encourae a Righ wing curve to a sort of Congress-Liberalism in order to crush the Left wing Extremists, with a heavy hand, with the Right wing co-operation. The clear objective is to frustrate the Congress campaign for National Freedom and convert the Congress into a supporter of the Hoare-Constitution, or let the Congress disintegrate itself on the shoals of internal fends and false squabbles under the pretence of principles with personal rivalries.

There is another cry too—"There must be conciliation with the Congress"—"Mr. Gandhi is the only man who can deliver the goods"—"The Constitution cannot work without the co-operation of the Congress." It will be better to analyse these shibbolethes, rather critically.

A. WHAT DOES THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT STAND FOR?

A. The British Government stands for—

(1) the preservation of British Control of India's fiscal and military policy, in the interests of Great Britain first, and the British Commonwealth next.

(2) the direction of Indian administration to secure the objective stated above,

(3) the security of British commerce and political interest in the Near East and Far East and Africa.

(4) the security of communica-

(Continued on page 9.)

Frankly Speaking

MAKING THEIR FLESH CREEP

In a letter to the "Morning Post" Prof. Borriedale Keith—who, it appears, has now joined the ranks of India Defence Leaguers.—questions whether it is right for Lord Willingdon to say that the ultimate goal of India is Dominion Status, since it includes the right to secede, as in the case of Ireland and South Africa.

This professor who passes as a constitutional expert ought to know that, if a colony gets equal status with the Mother Country, it is impossible to prevent it from seceding, if it so wishes.

These delicate relations cannot be kept inviolate through legal bindings, but by heart-to-heart understandings. If the Dominions do not want to part company with Great Britain, it is for their own purposes.

If India becomes independent and wants to part from Great Britain she will do so, but these are only hypothetical questions and have no immediate bearing on the practical political questions of the moment. They are only paraded before the British public to make their flesh creep.

TOUCHING SOLICITUDE

Lord Islington who has joined the India Defence League as an honorary member, thinks an explanation is needed for his action.

He says the financial condition of this country is so very bad that it does not warrant the White Paper policy. He believes it will entail further hardships on the already overburdened Indian community.

It is good that the British Tories for once acknowledge that the Indian cultivator is "overburdened" with taxation, and that he cannot afford to pay any more.

Let us hope this sentiment will be borne in mind when the Services again demand more emoluments as a "quid pro quo" for the White Paper constitution, or when more expenditure is demanded for the military department.

This solicitude for India is very touching, but it does not happen to be honest. Indians would be quite willing to forego the White Paper constitution, for it does not contain what they want—real freedom, and at any rate it is not worth paying for.

LATEST NAZI OUTRAGE

The latest outrage of the Nazis on two prominent Russian journalists is of a piece with their general campaign against Radicalism and Bolshevism.

The differences between the Soviet State and Germany are growing daily, and if the Nazis cannot behave the breach is bound to grow wider, and all trade relations will stop.

As it is, the very fact that Russia is entering into relations with America and France for exchanging men and material prowes that Russia has ceased to rely on Germany for technical aid and is now looking in other directions.

The Nazis, presumably, are not interested in trade, but only in Jew baiting for the present. But there is a wide boycott movement against Germany all over the world, mainly engineered by all those who hate brutality and they will soon feel the pinch.

There was no necessity even for Nazis to strip the two prominent Russian journalists, but they could not help themselves. Mere apologies in such cases ought not to suffice, and compensation should be demanded.

DEMOCRATISE IT.

The programme drawn up by the Bombay Board of the Servants of Untouchables Society for the 3rd Harijan Day, observed on Sunday, might well have included the item of enlisting more members for the Society.

But probably the Society is not yet placed on a representative basis and feels no need for extending its membership. If so, the sooner it is reorganised on a thoroughly democratic principle, the better it will be for the Society and the cause it serves.

When a year ago the All-India Society was formally constituted in Bombay at a public meeting Mr. G. D. Birla was elected its President and authorised, for the sake of quick initial organisation, to form all-India and provincial boards of workers to commence work straightway. But it was surely not intended that the Boards should continue to be self-constituted or nominated by Mr. Birla for an indefinite period.

It is essential that the Society should have, like the Congress and most other similar bodies, a large general body of members to elect the managing boards periodically.

WHO CARES?

The frequent hunger-strikes by political prisoners in various parts of the country and in the Andamans suggests that the treatment of prisoners continues to be extremely unsatisfactory and calls for some organised action on the part of Nationalist leaders.

Commenting on the recent articles on the subject by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the "Sikh Sewak" of Amritsar bitterly remarks that leaders in general have failed to tackle the question of prison reform because of the few facilities enjoyed by the "A" and "B" class prisoners.

We cannot go so far as to insinuate that leaders have neglected their duty in the matter because of the special privileges allowed to them in jail. But it is undeniable that the question of the treatment of prisoners in general has failed to call forth from the leaders the concerted action it demands.

And it is due to such neglect that so many hunger-strikes by prisoners have been rendered necessary.

Readers' Views

BESANT: THE TORCH BEARER!

From B. F. Bharucha

So she was.

(1) With Bradlough, she brought light into British homes of the poor; struggled and suffered for the Freedom of the Press; and broadened their vision, power and potentiality.

(2) Coming to India, she carried the Torch, that was lighted by Madam Blavatsky and Col. Olcott, into the four corners of the world.

(3) At Benares, she laid the foundation of the now famous Hindu University, with Babu Bhagwandas, as her devoted lieutenant.

(4) At Lucknow, she brought luck to the Congress, and with the help of the late lamented Lokmanya united the two wings of the Congress; and with Mrs. Naidu's cooperation, achieved the Hindu-Muslim Entente of 1917.

(5) At Madras, she inaugurated her country wide campaign of Home Rule for India, with the solid cooperation of Mr. B. G. Horniman.

(6) At Adyar, she collected the religious treasures of the World, and formed a nucleus of a modern sanctuary for spiritualists.

(7) Abroad, she championed the cause of Mother Hind, with an unexampled filial fervour.

Verily, she was, with human limitations, a Torch Bearer of Truth, Love and Service! Though gone, she will live in our memory! May her soul rest in peace!

The Reserve Bank

From Gudivada Rama Murty

It has been argued that the proposed Reserve Bank for India should be a shareholders' bank on the ground that such a bank would be free from political influence and ensure a continuity of policy in spite of the successive changes of the "Party in Power" and this view has been endorsed by the Joint Committee on the "Reserve Bank of India" and the Government of India. But the recommendations of the Joint Committee have failed to ensure for the Bank freedom from political influence from London and here lies the greater danger. For according to their proposals the Governor-General, the statutory subordinate of the Secretary of State for India, who is responsible only to the Parliament or the British people at large, appoints the Managing Governor of the Bank. Such a Managing Governor can naturally hold office only as long as his actions conform with the policy of the Governor-General or the wishes of the Secretary of State. So it is quite possible that the Reserve Bank might be managed in the interests of the London Money Market to the detriment of Indian interests.

So it is quite essential to devise some means by which London influence over the Reserve Bank can be eliminated. Here the German practice of the election of the Reichs Bank President by the General Council, subject to its confirmation by the President of the Reich, seems worthy of adoption in India. (The Reich President loses his power of confirmation if he is unable to accept three consecutive elections of the President of the Reichs Bank by the General Council). So it should be provided in the constitution of the Reserve Bank of India, if it is decided to have a shareholders' bank, that the Managing Governor of the Bank should be elected by the Board of Directors, subject to the confirmation of the Governor-General and that the Governor-General loses his power of confirmation if he does not accept three consecutive elections of the Managing Governor of the Bank by the Board of Directors. Such a provision, while preventing hasty elections, enables the Board of Directors to reconsider their action when the Governor-General refuses confirmation of their election.

Such a method of election and limitation of the powers of the Governor-General completely frees the Bank from political influence in India as well as in England. At the same time it gains the confidence and support of the people without which the Bank cannot function properly, usefully and smoothly.

The faulty management of the currency and exchange by the Government during the last few decades has created suspicion in the minds of the people about their good intentions and encouraged uneconomic practices like hoarding to the detriment of the country's progress in different phases of its economic life. Unless something is done to allay the suspicion of the people in the currency authority the proposed Reserve Bank will not be so useful to the country as it could otherwise be.

BIRTH CONTROL

From R. D. Karve.

I have never said that abortion within three months is beneficial to the woman, but there are cases where abortion is better than letting pregnancy continue. If Mr. Telang had been a little more careful, he would have seen that his query about Russia was entirely unnecessary. I had already stated that the approval of a Committee was required only if the woman desired to have it done in State Hospitals at State expense. But even if the Committee did not approve of her reasons, she was free to get it done elsewhere by qualified doctors.

The object of the law is to prevent its being done stealthily and it has saved an enormous number of women who used to die of attempts at abortion. That is also the object of Mr. Jadhav's Bill. I may state that the Russian Committee approves of reasons of health or economy. The only cases for which it will not sanction State expense are those where the woman wants it done just because she does not choose to have a child. Mr. Telang cannot imagine any reason other than "good health." I maintain that a woman has a perfect right to decide whether she will have a child or not, without having to give reasons for it.

I do not pretend to be able to convince any obstinate opponent of birth control, because these people are incapable of giving up pre-conceived notions. I am not aware, however, that Dr. Barton is a greater authority on birth control than the people I have quoted. For myself, I require no authority. I have given thirty years of study to the subject and it is quite enough for me that I am convinced Mr. Telang can go on being as suspicious as he likes.

The Gate Of Mercy

From Moses Joseph.

The laborious attempt of Mr. M.A. Jacob, the Government pensioner and the Hon. Secretary of the Gate of Mercy Synagogue, to clear his conduct has helped further to expose him. His statement that there are 600 members of the Synagogue and that only 60 of them attended the meeting of the 3rd instant as also his involved suggestion that all the members of the Synagogue take active part in the Synagogue affairs, are false and misleading. To cut the matter short, I give a public challenge to Mr. Jacob to get a vote of confidence passed on himself or in the alternative to call the demanded requisition meeting for his dismissal and to abide by its decision. Will he take up the challenge?

Mr. Jacob has boasted of his successes in the Synagogue elections. I suppose, it was want of space that prevented him from also disclosing the fact that the last act of the Committee under his presidentship was to pass a resolution for destroying the voting papers and signature book of the members present at the election—and this in spite of the fact that Police Court summons were served on the Secretary to preserve the voting papers and signature books.

An illustration of the spirit of utter unselfishness dominating Mr. Jacob is afforded in the fact that, though according to the consent decree in the High Court suit filed by seventeen members, whose membership rights were suspended, Mr. Jacob and his friends were to return the sum of Rs. 1,000 taken by them from the Synagogue funds for the suit, they have found it possible to evade the payment for the last year and a half.

And the interesting part of all this is that in this public-spirited career Mr. Jacob is being helped by some equally self-sacrificing men whose ideal of self-denial has prevented them from openly canvassing support for him.

The Government pensioner in a pamphlet a few years ago, gave expression to the dire need of a dictator in the community. Is it his abiding modesty that prevents him from openly assuming the position that ought so deservedly to go to him?

In the end I should again like to call Mr. Jacob's attention to the challenge I have given him and shall await his reply.

HINDUS QUALIFY FOR FINAL IN SIND TOURNEY

Muslims Make Stand After Early Disaster But Make 81 Runs Less Than Hindus Whole Side Being Dismissed For 176

KARACHI. Sept. 24.

Brave effort to stave off the crisis which marked the opening of the resumed Muslim innings in the Sind Cricket Pentagular was proved futile, as disaster after disaster overtook the side.

Daulat and Lekhraj entrusted with Hindu bowling started in deadly style, Essakhan and Abbaskhan facing them. After a spell of blocking resulting in four consecutive maidens, Abbaskhan cracked Lekhraj but in the next over was trapped in slips off Dawlatram by Odhavji (19-3-1).

ANOTHER CALAMITY.

Abdullah came, saw and marched back, his wicket being spreadeagled by Dawlatram in the first ball (15/4/0).

The fifth wicket partnership yielded good results, Khalik who filled the vacancy, indulging in lovely strokes, Abbaskhan pulling Lekhraj deep-leg. Thirty went up the score-board after 40 minutes play. Another calamity overtook the Muslims, Khalik risking too much on fleefoot being run out (39-5-9).

Gulammahomed started confidently but he met his Waterloo at the hands of Jagnath who made a successful appeal in the first ball of the over (47-6-3).

Fateh Mahomed filled the crease 50 being telegraphed at 12-10. Abaskhan and Fateh Mahomed then set themselves in making a heroic effort to pull the game out of fire.

The Muslim side out of the Sind Cricket Pentangular Tournament as a result of to-day's game when the Muslims collapsed with a total of 176 in the first innings. Hindus were leading in the first innings with 81 runs. After the sensational collapse Muslims made a great recovery. Abbas Khan and Fateh Mahomed completely collared Hindu bowling, carrying the pre-lunch score to 105.

Punishing loose balls, blocking dangerous ones, Abbas Khan played a classic cricket. After lunch runs crawled slowly, Muslims playing a defensive game, while the Hindu attack lost its sting.

At three Abbas Khan was caught and bowled by Daulatram (115/7/66).

TOP SCORER OF MUSLIM SIDE.

He was the top scorer, his scintilating innings, consisting of nine boundaries which served to relieve the dullness of Muslim collapse. The Mahomed Ibrahim-Fateh Mahomed combination thought it lasted long did not yield many runs. Naumal, the Hindu skipper, then took charge of the leather, bowling two overs.

Mahomed Ibrahim lifted the ball for a lovely six towards the pavilion and signalled 150. His partner soon deserted him, being caught by Lekhraj, off Kalyan (157-8-49).

The last two players did not survive long, Jagnath claiming both the wickets. Hyderali scored ten (176/9/10), while Gulam Hyder could not break the duck. The Muslim innings terminated at 4/20 for 176 runs.

The Hindus have thus been able under the pioletage of Naumal to qualify themselves for finals.

Scores:—

Mahomed Ishak l.b.w. Dowlatram	4
Lanewalla, run out,	3
Essakhan, c. Odhavji, b. Daulatram	1
Abbas Khan, c. and b. Daulatram	66
Abdulla b. Daulatram	0
Abdul Khalik, run out,	9
Gulam Mahomed l.b.w. Jagganath	3
Fateh Mahomed, c. Lekhraj, b. Kalyan	49
Mahomed Ibrahim, not out	22
Hyderali b. Jagnath	10
Gulam Hyder b. Jagganath	0
Extras	9
Total	176

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

Kalyan 1.
Daulatram 4.
Jaganath 3.

POOR SHOW BY "SMUGGLERS"

Disappointing Cricket Before Huge Crowd On Sunday

3 HOURS FOR 21 RUNS

Home Side Surpasses Visitors' Total Before Fall Of First Wicket

A huge holiday crowd turned out to see the match between the Hindu Gymkhana and "Smugglers." But they were disappointed to find some of the notable players who were expected to play for the "Smugglers" being the absentees. As a result the "Smugglers" were materially weakened in their strength.

Going in first, they were all dismissed for a poor total of 78 on a good wicket, only three batsmen reaching double figures. Pereira for his 21, played for three hours. Godambe and Wadkar bowled well for the home side.

Before the fall of the first wicket, the home side surpassed the visitors' total. Mehta and Hindlekar, the wicket-keeper, each scoring 48. G. Richards who tried "leg-theory" after tea-interval was immediately successful and dismissed C. N. Mehta and Jai. The home side, however, put up 182 for the fall of seven wickets, Mr. Extras contributing no less than 33!

HINDU GYM. VS. "SMUGGLERS" XI.

"THE SMUGGLERS" 1st Innings.

F. K. Nariman c Thimaya, b Godambe	6
M. Eliam c Dongre, b Godambe	3
G. Richards b Dr. Kothare	14
P. N. Pereira l.b.w. b Wadkar	21
S. Heptulla, b Wadkar	3
A. Khairaz, run out	15
H. Khairaz c Dongre, b Dongre	0
Kalapesi st. Hindlekar, b Godambe	2
Hakim b Wadkar	6
G. Lalji, not out	3
C. M. Murad b Godambe ..	1
Leg Byes	2
Total	78

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	R.	W.
S. R. Godambe	39	4
V. V. Dabholker	—	—
Kothare	17	1
Wadkar	15	3
V. S. Dongre	3	1

HINDU GYMKHANA.

C. N. Mehta c Nariman, b Richards	48
D. D. Hindlekar b Kalapesi	48
L. P. Jai b Richards	2
S. R. Godambe b Kalapesi	19
V. S. Dongre c Hiptulla, b Kalapesi	5
S. S. Dongre b Richards ..	7
S. K. Pawarkar, not out ...	0
C. M. Thimaya b Hakim ..	14
R. R. Wadkar, V. V. Dabholker and Dr. W. S. Kothare did not bat.	
Byes	31
Leg Byes	2
Total	182

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	R.	W.	O.
S. Kalapesi	35	3	10
A. Hakim	17	1	10
G. Lalji	14	—	5
C. Richards	38	3	18
G. N. Pereira	24	—	16
C. Murad	9	—	3

ISLAM GYM'S. GOOD SHOW

There was no match on the Parsi Gymkhana ground, but the Muslims entertained the Orient Club. The latter batting first amassed a handsome total of 270 runs for the loss of 9 wickets. Practically everybody from the visitors scored freely against the poor attack of the home side.

The Gymkhana, however, did well with the bat and scored 163 for 5 wickets, the top-scorer being Y. Ismail who put up 42 and remained unbeaten.

ISLAM GYM. VS. ORIENT CLUB

ORIENT CLUB: 1st Innings.

R. W. Kirtikar st. Shaffi ..	31
K. V. Bhandarkar c Ismail, b Sharif	87
Dawkar b Md. Kassum	1
Kesavkodi c and b Md. Kassum	26
S. D. Aras b Md. Kassum ..	15
R. R. Dalvi c Hasman, b Shaffi	62
G. N. Kowshik c Sharif, b Shaffi	11
N. P. Kesari c Ali, b Sharif	13
A. D. Mundye c Hasman, b Sharif	9
S. D. Patel, not out	0
R. G. Bapat, not out	1
Byes	6
Leg Byes	2
No-balls	4
Wide balls	2
Total	270

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	R.	W
K[illegible]i	31	—
Sheriff	34	3
Shaffi	67	3
Md. Kassum	30	3
A. R. Hasman	22	—
Baporl	15	—
Kadri	7	—

EX-MILLIONAIRE PLEADS GUILTY

12 Years Penitentiary And 12000 Dollars Fine For Smuggling Of Drugs

(Special Cable.)

SAN FRANCISCO, September 23

Judo Ezra once a millionaire of Shanghai and his twin brother Issac have been sentenced to 12 years penitentiary and a fine of 12,000 dollars for smuggling in drugs valued at a million and half dollars concealed in a Japanese steamer.

Both pleaded guilty.

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

His Excellency The Governor of Bombay and Lady Sykes lunched with the Hon'ble Sir Ghulam Hussein and Lady Hidayatallah at the Turf Club House.

ISLAM GYM. 1st Innings.

A. Fyzee c Mundye	37
S. M. Kadri l.b.w. b Patel .	31
A. Baporia c Patel	0
Y. Ismail not out	42
T. T. Barodawalla c Mundye	5
M. A. Shariff c Mundye ..	18
N. Shaffi not out	20
Md. Kassum, A. G. Kazi, Ali Merchant and R. R. Hasware did not bat.	
Extras	10
Total	163

FINE FINISHES AT POONA

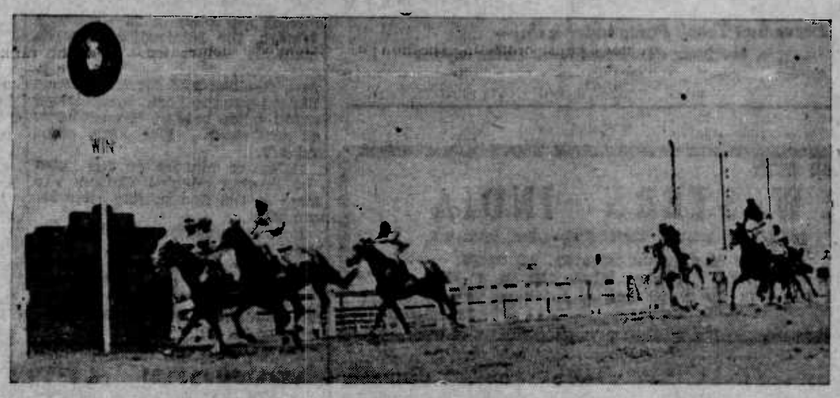
There were some fine finshes at Poona on Saturday, when honours were shared between favourites and outsiders. Bala Bellai was successful on Victor in the Riding Boy's race and can be seen as the "Proud Victor" in the picture on the left (below).

Mr. M. Dhalla's "Aslan Beg" being led in after winning the Alandi Plate, Div. II.

Nawabzada Yemin-Uul-Mulk's "Victor" returning to scale after its victory in the Bahrein Plate.

Mr. M. M. Dhalla's "Aslan Beg" winning the Alandi Plate (Div. II) in a fine tussle from "Rustom" and "Fiery Face."

Mr. Diamond's "Lochmore" wins the Newbury Plate, (the principal event of the day) from "Celebrator" and "Ternlet."



Nawabzada Yemin-Ul-Mulk's "Victor" winning the Bahrein Plate, "Nickel" and "Abrash" second and third.

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

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AMRUTANJAN DEPOTS

BOMBAY AND MADRAS

ARSENAL ROUTED BY BRILLIANT EVERTON

Welcome Change In Weather And Softened Grounds Responsible For Surprising Results In League Football Matches

LONDON, Sept. 23.

Players welcomed change in the weather, recent heavy rains having softened the grounds to their liking. This was responsible for surprising results.

Liverpool team including three South Africans, namely Riley, goal-keeper; Hodgson, inside-right and Nieuhenhuys, outside-right, who arrived in England only a fortnight ago halted Tottenham's triumphant progress. After eight thrilling minutes, Liverpool broke away and English scored the first goal. Then Hodgson narrowly missed a low drive.

Spur's passing on the soft turf was inaccurate. The teams changed over. Liverpool leading 1/0.

In the second half, Nieuhenhuys made a successful debut and passed across to Henson, left-winger, who scored while English netted from another admirable centre.

ARSENAL ROUTED

Arsenal also came to grief. They were penned in their own half by Everton who were very brilliant. Dean scored for Everton immediately after kickoff. Fifty-thousand saw the thrilling game. White increased lead from penalty, when Roberts fouled Dean just before interval, Everton then leading 2/0.

On resumption, Dean was injured and was away from the field for five minutes. Dunn added the third goal. Everton gave display of brilliant positional play and routed Arsenal in all departments.

With the first leaders of the First Division losing Portsmouth's creditable win to-day through Rutherford's goal in the first half carried them to the fore.

WEST HAM'S LEAD

West Ham's forwards who have hitherto not been dangerous adapted themselves splendidly to-day to the wet turf and greasy ball, scoring five goals in 23 minutes. Watson, the International player, with his former dash, initiated movements which resulted in Tippett, Goulden and Morton scoring. Watson put the home team further ahead twice beating the bewildered goalkeeper. West Ham thus led 5/0.

Defensive blunder on the part of Preston enabled Watson to score in the first minute after resumption.

Norwich regained leadership by their victory over Luton. They made a thrustful attack, Warnes opening the account for thm very early in the game followed by Burditt who netted the second goal.

After the recess Vinall and Burditt completed the tally.

HATTRICKTERS.

The following were the players who performed hattricks in the respective matches:—

Pears (Charlton),
Bourton (Coventry),
Slinger (Carlisle) and
Pedwell (Hartlepools).—Reuter.

ROVERS BEAT BRADFORD

(Special Cable)

LONDON, Sept. 23.

The following are the results of the matches played under Rugby Northern Union Rules to-day:

Batley 10; Rochdale Hornets 23.
Bramley 13, Barrow 3.
Broughton 2, Salford 7.
Castelford 22 Swinton 9.
Huddersfield 10, Helens 0.
Hull-Kingston Rovers 35, Bradford 10.
Hunslet 26, Keighley 0.
Leigh 30, Halifax 9.
Oldham 24, Leeds 7.
Wakefield Trinity 21, Hull 10.
Widnes 21, Featherstone 0.
Wigan 4, Australians 10.
York 8, Dewsbury 5.

LANCASHIRE CUP

(Special Cable).

LONDON, Sept. 23.

In the Lacashire Cup first round St. Helens Recreation beat Warrington by five points to two.

PERRY WINS PACIFIC CHAMPIONSHIP

Defeats Satoh In Final Of Men's Singles

LOS ANGELES, September 24.

Perry won the Pacific South-west Championship defeating Satoh (Japan) in the final of mens singles 6-4; 1-6; 6-3 and 7-5.

Miss Dorothy Round beat Miss Alice Marble in the final of Women's Singles 6-2; 6-2.—Reuter's Special.

PERRY SLIPS AND GETS INJURED

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LOSANGELES, Sept. 24.

Perry slipped and twisted ankle near the finish of the match with Satoh.

He played with the bandaged ankle in the mixed finals in which Vines and Ryan beat Perry and Round 6—1, 6—1.

Take your choice ... from these delightful toilet soaps—

SIX new Swadeshi soaps from which to choose—soaps of the high quality that has hitherto been associated chiefly with those that come from abroad! Here at last you will find a soap to your particular taste, that is reasonably priced, yet as good as the expensive foreign soaps you have been used to—and with the distinct advantage of containing no animal fat.

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501 Toilet Soap

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As. 6 *for box of three tablets*

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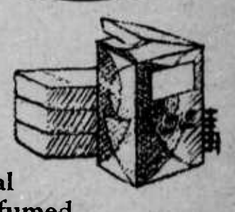

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As. 8 *for a packet of three tablets*

Moti

A delicate soap to guard the charm of beauty. No finer soap has ever been offered at so moderate a price.

Re. 1/8 *for box of six tablets*

Eau de Cologne

The cool, refreshing qualities of Eau-de-Cologne are contained in this luxurious soap.

As. 12 *for carton of two large tablets*

Jai

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TATAPURAM

MONSOON ACTIVE IN ASSAM & BENGAL

Depression Causes Widespread Rain From Punjab Kumaon Hills To Northern Districts Of C. P.

POONA, Sept. 24.

Yesterday's depression has caused widespread rain from Punjab Kumaon hills to northern districts of Central Provinces rainfall being locally heavy in and near east Central India.

It is centred this morning near Nowgong and is not likely to move northwards.

Monsoon also has been active in Assam and Benga.. Rainfall is nearly general in Bihar, east United Provinces, east Central India, Punjab hills and local in Assam, Bengal, Chota Nagpur, east United Provinces, west Central India, Central Provinces and east Rajputana.

A few falls also occurred in Burma, Bombay Deccan and Malabar.

Chief, amounts of rainfall are are as follows: Amherst, Victoria Point, one inch; Myitkyina, half; Sandheads, three: Jalpaigiri, two; Sibsagar, Saugor island, Berrampore, one and half; Barisal, one; Jessore, Burdwan, Ranchi, Darbhanga, half; Jubburpore, six; Guna, Jhansi, three; Nowgong, two, Agra, one and half; Bhopal, Pachmari, one; Sutna, Pendra, three quarters; Seoni, Raipur, Mukteshwar, half; Jaipur, Dharampore, threequarters; Jhalarapatam, Kotah, half; Simla, quarter: Gadag, one Mangalore, quarter

FORECAST.

Rainfall will decrease but continue locally in Central Provinces and west Central India and will continue to be widespread in east Central India, and will occur locally in east Rajputana, and east United Provinces and extend and increase in west United Provinces and east and north Punjab. Rainfall will also continue in Bengal and Assam.

Heavy rainfall warning. Locally heavy rain will occur in west United Provinces and in and near Punjab hills during next thirty-six hours.—A. P.

LUBBE STILL ON HUNGER STRIKE

LEIPZIG, September 23.

The condition of van der Lubbe who is still on hunger-strike is giving cause for anxiety.

It is understood, however, that forcible feeding will not be used until it is absolutely necessary.—Reuter's Special.

CABLE ITEMS

Geneva: — The League Council will begin business in earnest on Monday after the arrival of Mr. Norman Davis and M. Paul Boncour on Sunday evening.—Reuter's Special.

Godhra.—The first of October will be observed as "Non-Amalgamation Day" to protest against Panch Mahals amalgamation with Broach district.

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THE GREAT ILLUSION

(Continued from Page 6).

tions and defence of Australia and New Zealand,

(5) the adjustment of legislative authority in India to prevent any combination of interests or influence, which may adversely effect any of the above objectives.

(6) the distribution of administrative authority in India on a communal basis rather than independent and impartial educational merit and efficiency, to secure checkmate to what may be called "service-revolts",

(7) the guaranteeing of the British Vested Capital of about one thousand million sterling and its dividend returns,

(8) the continuation of what has been called the "drain"—the nearly twenty-five million sterling which India annually sends to England as a tribute for services rendered,

(9) the preservation of India's Textiles, Machinery and Railways Market worth annually over fifty million sterling to England,

(10) the utilization of India's huge man-power as fodder for cannon in the Imperial struggle for existence, if not supremacy.

B. WHAT DOES THE CONGRESS STAND FOR—

Ideally, the Congress stands for "Complete National Independence" as per the Lahore Resolution.

Practically the Congress stands for:

(1) Gandhiji's Eleven Points.

(2) Pandit Motilal Nehru's Slowcombe Interview points.

(3) Gandhi-Irwin Pact of Federation—Central Responsibility, Safeguards and Reservations with the 'interpretable' words "demonstrably in the interests of India."

(4) Gandhiji's exposition of Congress Policy at the II Round Table Conference and Provincial Autonomy.

WHAT DO THE CONGRESS LEADERS STAND FOR

(1) Gandhiji is for "honourable compromise" implying—as is well-known from precedents—surrender of fundamentals and acceptance of non-essentials and trifles.

(2) Vallavbhai Patel stands for anything that Gandhiji will agree with the Government.

(3) So will Babu Rajendraprasad, Rajagopalachari and Gangadharrao Deshpande.

(4) Jawalarlal Nehru will be at sea. He will be torn by loyalty to Gandhiji, and leadership of youth which will differ from Gandhiji. He stands for genuine patriotism diluted with mild socialism.

(5) Subash Bose has already made a bid for youth and left-wing leadership. He stands for socialist-trumpeteering and De Valeraism.

(6) Vithalbhai Patel—the arch-diplomat of the legislature—meriting the leadership of the Opposition in our Indian Parliament—stands for Legislative Action and Executive Obstruction.

LET THEM ANSWER

A. Has any of our Congress leaders a clear comprehension of the constitution they desire—or the form of National Freedom or Democracy for India?

B. Has any of our Congress leaders any programme except what has been picked up from European Political Parties?

C. Why particularize the Congress leaders? Have the leaders of any section or public body any Concrete Plan or Programme?

Let them answer.

Have the Indian leaders thught of sitting together with determination to think out and settle the Fundamental Essentials of Pure Indian Nationalism and a Concrete Plan of action and Programme of many-sided Reconstruction for Indian masses?

DIFFERING AIMS.

The aims of the Congress and the aims of the Government are not one. The Congress means "Good-bye to British Domination." The Government means "Consolidation of British Authority by association of Indian vested interests in legislation and administration, under a representative form of government, under Proconsuls with supreme powers under the direction of the British Cabinet." The Congress means several things according to its several leaders and groups, but essentially it means substitution of Congress domination for British domination. The Government means frustration of this Congress purpose constitutionally.

WHAT OF THE MASSES?

What of the masses—none cares or caters for the masses though Government and officials, Legislators and leaders, Congress and Liberals, and Muslim Bodies, Merchants Chambers and Landholders, all will gladly talk of masses.

The masses belong to no one. The masses are a huge rural class—a working class of millions—the masses belong to their land and their homes and to any Policy or Plan or Programme which insures their cultural, economic and administrative interests. If a Government does it for the masses, they belong to that Government. If the Congress or any coalition or any body does it for them they will belong to them. But the future of the masses lies in independent rural organisation alone which can influence Congress or the Government or the Hindu Sabha or the Muslim Federation or the Landholders or the Industrialsits or any or all.

The masses are not to be effected by any political compromise as no such compromise can secure their interests directly.

The leaders may wallow in compromise because they may believe in their own leadership.

THE GREAT ILLUSION.

But compromise is the illusion of the Indian politicians, of the upper class. No masses organisation, no masses programme, no masses plan, and hence no compromise on behalf of the masses.

Meanwhile there may be what the leaders are after—a sort of patched-up policy with the Congress, kept up in hollow unity only by Mahatmaji's great personal prestige.

There can be no compromise of the Indo-British question. It will be a witches' couldron for a generation, because, for the masses any compromise that does not bear in its womb, at its birth and its growth, the programme of a vast Rural Resurrection by Reconstruction, it will be a betrayal. The rural masses are the real latent power in India. They alone can ultimately settle Indo-British Relations.

For the present, why should the masses care? They are the unfortunates of the land which they toil and starve and hunger for, they are the human cattle that feed the trader and the factory-owner and the capitalist and the landlord with his blood-bathed produce. They are the food of the Services and the Sowcars. They are the race of exploited in India—their fate is crumbs—their cream is for the upper class who neither sympathise nor understand their toiling cultivators—300 millions

INDIAN RURAL GIANT

In the grim starvation and ignorance of India's rural masses lies the danger to the British Government, the risks of revolution and desruption of social and economic order and dethronement of false leaders.

These politicians have a squint eye. They believe that they will pacify the Indian rural masses with cabbage-soup. The Indian rural masses want pudding and sweets—all the sweets of a modern cultural and economic life.

In this Policitians' Illusion of the Rural aspect of the Indian problem lies the futility of any compromise.

Will the Government have sense to perceive and plan or will it only administer its revenue collections and penalties and allow the conflagration to culminate.

Destiny marks time. The world awaits the awakening of the Indian Rural Giant.

"ALCHEMIST" ON TRIAL

Charge Of Conspiracy To Cheat Muslim Zemindar

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI Sept. 22.

Charges were framed this week against all the nine accused undergoing trial on a charge of conspiracy to cheat a Muslim Zamindar named Allahdine, of about Rs. 5,000 by telling him that the money would be utilised for purchasing medicines and drugs for preparing an elixir which could convert huge quantities of base metal into gold.

Two of the accused are father and son Husurddin and Abdul Halim, both residents of Bahawalpur State. The latter had been introduced to the complainant as an expert alchemist.

Accused made statements before the charges were framed. Lundram Glaychand, a grocer and perfume-seller of Sukkur, said that the police had seized from his shop several bottles containing costly drugs.

Abdul Halim said that he had never prepared any gold elixir out of the drugs purchased with the complainant's money but he said that the notebook seized by the police from his possession was his and all the entries in it were in his own handwritting.

ANJUMAN-I-ISLAM

Progress In Girls' Education For Year 1932-33

The fifth annual report of the Arjuman Ishaate Islam, Dhond, for the year 1932-33 shows that the institution continues to do useful educational work among the Muslims of Dhond.

During the year under review it sent five students from its Anglo-Urdu class for the annual examination to the Government Anglo-Urdu High School, Poona, and four of them passed their respective standards.

In April 1932 it started a new school for girls and the support to it was most enthusiastic.

THE RIDDLE OF LIFE

——is not what the ancient philosophers thought it to be. The riddle to-day is unemployment, unstable income and insufficient earning. Have you not had this riddle to solve? Are you still trying to solve it? If so, may we help you? We may bring to you fresh hope, fresh courage for the future

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It tones up the entire nervous system.

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to put your sales message, querry or notice before thousands throughout India. For an advertisement of 16 words published in the Classified Columns (i.e., Situations Vacant and Wanted, Motors for Sale and Required, Bungalows and Flats to Let, Miscellaneous for Sale, etc.), "The Bombay Chronicle" is giving to every advertiser a bottle of Zenith Drakshasava Free.

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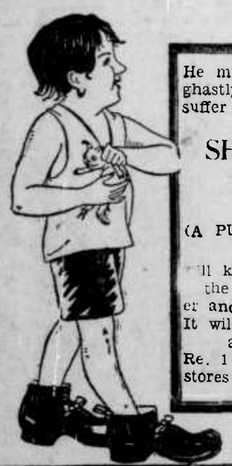

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Where There Is No Caste But Aryans All !

Antiquarian Throws Light On "Hindu" Civilisation In Eastern Archipelago And Says, Vices Are Unknown In These Islands

SHEIKHUPURA, (By Mail).

Mehta Jaimini, the well-known antiquarian and ethnologist who has hrs travelled extensively in the islands of the Eastern Archipelago Zanzibar and British East Africa and who is the author of several historical works visited this place and delivered a very illuminating lecture on lecture on "The Greater India."

He gave instances of the influence of Aryan civilization in Java, Bali, Zanzibar and other places which he had visited and whose ethnological and cultural conditions he had crefully studied. He showed from photographs concrete examples of this influence, such as temples built on the Indian model in Bali where he said dwelt nearly a million souls who called themselves "Aryan." These temples contained the images of Bhim, Nakula, Sahadev and other notabilities of the Mahabharat and some well-known Hindu deities.

ARYANS ALL.

The word "Hindu", said the lecturer, was of Mohammedan coinage. As the Island of Bali had not witnessed any Mahomedan invasions, the people there used the pure word "Aryan" when enquired about their caste. He had in his possession texts of the Bhagawat Gita and the Ramayan as read by the people of Bali Island. These texts were much smaller and free from the later interpolations The Mahabharat used by these islanders had only 8 "parvas" and only 760 shlokas. The Shrimant Bhagwat Gita contained only 70 shlokas. It was, he said, reasonable to suppose that the chapters on Bhakti Yoga and Gynana Yoya were latterly inserted as it seems highly improbable that Lord Krishna would give dissertations on such subjects when two armies were arrayed on a battlefield ready for fight. These 70 shlokas, he said, were meant to arouse the martial spirit and quite suit the occasion and the atmosphere. The names of the villages, and towns and even the people in Bali are purely Sanskrit. The ancient books there were written on the leaves of a tree called "Lantur."

VICES UNKNOWN.

Vices such as theft, intemperate drink, etc., almost unknown in these islands. He said that he had been surprised to see that his host in Bali never locked his doors either at night or during the day. It was only in the newer civilisation of the West that one found the concomitant evils of "advanced ideas."—A.P.

DEVELOPMENT OF COCHIN HARBOUR

Issues Before October Delhi Conference

TRIPARTITE PARLEYS

Question Of Division Of Customs Receipts Among Madras, Cochin And Travancore Govts.

TRIVANDRUM, Sept. 24.

It is understood that before progress is made regarding the fourth stage in the works connected with the development of Cochin harbour a Conference will be held in Delhi by the end of October in which the representatives of the Madras Government, Cochin State and the Travancore State will discuss all the questions relating to the further development of the port.

FEDERALISATION PROPOSAL

The Davidson Committee of the Round Table Conference it will be recalled, recommended the federalisation of the port of Cochin mainly because, next to Bombay, Cochin will be the most important harbour along the west coast. The exercise of criminal or civil jurisdiction over the port limits of Cochin has all along been a vexed question for settlement between Cochin State and the British Government.

AGREEMENT IN 1925

An agreement was entered into in 1925 between the Government of Madras, the Government of India and the Governments of Travancore and Cochin under which each party was to bear its share of expenditure on the harbour and in return the total customs revenues collected from Cochin Port and the import revenues collected from Travancore were to be divided equally among the three parties

In the first and second stages the works consisted of cutting open the channel which was originally undertaken as an experimental measure. The experiment proved a success and in the third stage works were proceeded with by the harbour authorities with the funds taken on loan. In the third stage, works were completed in 1931 and it became a regular practice for the ocean-going steamers to enter the harbour and discharge at moorings inside backwaters. From that date the tripartite division of customs receipts at the port among the three Governments came into effect. It may be noted that while about the year 1925, revenues at the port of Cochin stood below ten lakhs of rupees at present the customs revenues have risen nearly to 40 lakhs.

The future of Cochin port is naturally a question of the greatest importance to Cochin State.

TRAVANCORE'S INTEREST

Travancore is equally interested in this question because of the valuable rights, the State has acquired under the agreement of 1925 The bulk of the trade at the port, it be noted, is being contributed by the Travancore State. Discussions at the forthcoming Conference in Delhi will, therefore, be watched with the keenest interest by Cochin and Travanocre States.—A. P.

AMERICAN WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.

	Season to Date.	This Week.	CORRESPONDING. Season 1932|33.	Week 1932.	
Total in Sight, (excluding linters)	1,924	528	1,725	476	bales
Forwarded to American Mills, including Canada and other American, (excluding linters)	670	137	589	131	,,
Exports from U.S. Ports	1,081	184	496	134	,,
Of which to Japan	261	57	136	18	,,
Of which to China	23	1	47	1	,,
Of which to Great Britain	191	16	115	15	,,
Of which to Germany	204	41	281	60	,,
Stock at New York	—	124	—	203	,,
Stock at U. S. Ports	—	3,250	—	3,522	,,
Stock at U.S. Interior Towns	—	1,232	—	1,453	,,
World's Visible Supply	—	8,187	—	8,666	,,
Of which to American Cotton	—	6,663	—	6,932	,,
Forwarded to the World's Mills (excluding linters)	1,814	266	1,596	243	,,
Receipts at U.S. Ports	1,359	330	1,136	255	,,

N.B. All figures are in thousands.

"THE HINDU" NEW BOMBAY OFFICES

To subserve Editorial and Business needs and establish direct contact with Advertisers and Subscribers, the Management of "THE HINDU", Madras, have pleasure in announcing the opening of NEW OFFICES at "FELTHAM HOUSE", 21, GRAHAM ROAD, BALLARD ESTATE, BOMBAY. Telephone 24428.

WORLD'S COTTON CONSUMPTION

Increase Of 2 Million Bales

With increases of 1,848,000 bales in American cotton and of 794,000 bales in "sundries" the quantity of cotton consumed by the world's cotton mills last season, according to the International Cotton Federation's returns, was 2,010,000 bales more than that consumed in 1931-2. The total, at 24,332,000 bales, was 1,944,000 bales more than that for 1930-1, but less than those for each of the five seasons before that. Consumption of American cotton was 14,167,000 bales, against 12,310,000 bales in the previous season, and only 10,908,000 bales in 1930-1, while "sundries," 5,029,000 bales, compared with 4,235,000 bales in 1931-2 and with 4,864,000 bales in 1930-1. On the other hand, Egyptian cotton totalled 936,000 bales, against 980,000 bales in the previous season, though against 253,000 bales in the season before that, and East Indian accounted for only 4,200,000 bales, against 4,788,000 bales in 1931-2 and 5,863,000 bales in 1930-1.

Consumption in Great Britain, though it was again more than in 1930-1, was somewhat less than in 1931-2, but both Japan and Germany showed continuous increases over the three seasons. The figures for the principal consuming countries (excluding Russia, from which no returns have been received) are given in the following table:—

In thousands of actual bales regardless of weight.

	1932-3.	1931-2.
Great Britain	2,248	2,386
Germany	1,212	1,196
France	099	892
India	2,636	2,700
Japan	2,900	2,769
China	2,584	2,254
United States	6,100	4,847
	1930-1.	1912-13.
Great Britain	1,964	4,274
Germany	1,086	1,728
France	1,122	1,010
India	2,513	2,177
Japan	2,565	1,588
China	2,329	*542
United States	6,109	4,847

*1920-1.

British consumption of East Indian cotton last season was 126,000 bales, against 183,000 bales in 1931-2 and 252,000 bales in 1930-1; Japanese consumption of East Indian, which was 996,000 bales, against 1,116,000 bales in 1931-2 and 1,500,000 bales in 1930-1, also appears to have reflected the gradual reduction in the supply.

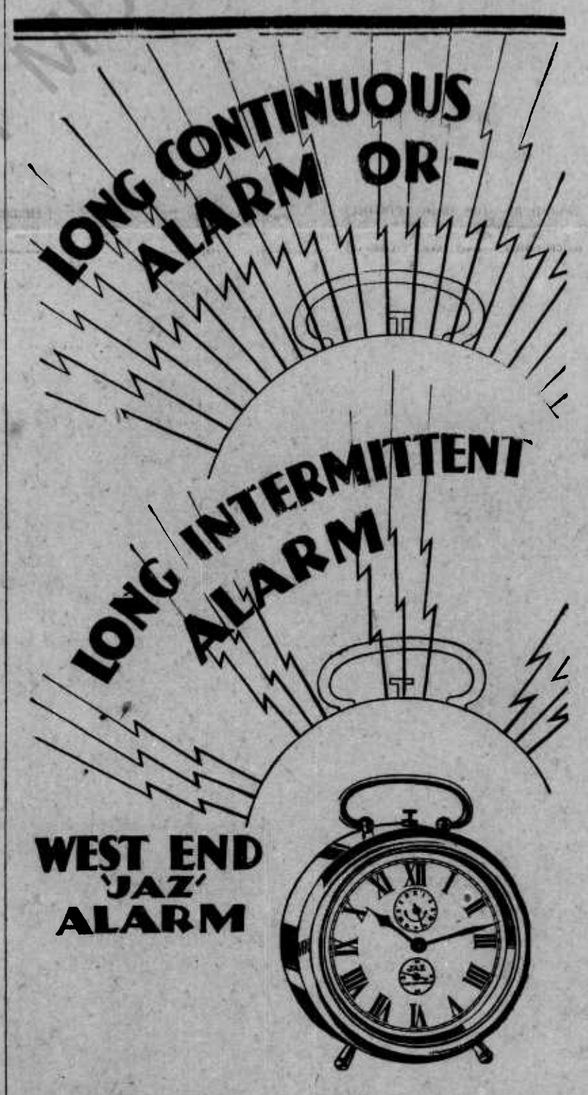
MILL STOCKS AND SPINDLES.

Stocks of cotton held by the world's spinners on July 31 last were about 550,000 bales more than a year previously, and about 720,000 bales more than at the end of 1930-1. The explanation given for the large stocks of Egyptian cotton held in Germany, however, suggests that it might be unwise to infer that mill stocks are heavier because future activity is expected to be greater, though, as regards the large stocks in Lancashire, it may be pertinent to mention that few spinners here are likely to have made substantial purchases in anticipation of requirements. From this point of view, the large stocks of East Indian cotton held by Japanese spinners on July 31 last are worth noting.

The International Federation gives the world's total cotton spinning spindleage by the end of the season as 157,624,000 against 156,984,000 six months previously, with 214,000 spindles in course of erection, against 274,000. Spindles in Great Britain are given as 49,001,000 (37,011,000 mule and 11,990,000 ring), against 50,167,000 (38,177,000 mule and 11,990,000 ring) at January 31 last, the number of spindles spinning Egyptian cotton having increased from 15,331,000 to 16,279,000 spindles in Japan are given as 8,209,000 an increase of 244,000 as compared with six months previously, and there were 100,000 spindles in course of erection, as compared with 150,000.

SPINDLE ACTIVITY IN LANCASHIRE.

Discussing the amount of short-time worked in cotton mills during the second half of last season, the International Federation states that stoppages in the American section totalled an amount equivalent to the stoppage of the whole section for 9.88 weeks of 48 hours each, against 8.78 weeks in the previous, half-season, while the corresponding figures for the Egyptian section showed an improvement, being 5.79 weeks, against 6.48 weeks. There were 90 firms with 5,485,927 spindles (against 91 firms with 4,730,311 spindles) in the American section completely stopped during the half-season, and nine firms with 732,000 spindles (against nine firms with 741,068 spindles) in the Egyptian section were similarly stopped. Firms with 262,348 spindles closed down indefinitely during the period, against 371,780 spindles in the six months ended January 31 last.—"Manchester Guardian."



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SHIPPING NEWS

Exports And Imports

ARRIVALS.
Sept. 23.
Badurpur, Campbell, Rangoon.
Nurtennton, Hickimann, Durban.
Karanja, Baird, Durban.
Varela, Nootton, Busreh.

DEPARTURES.
Sept. 24.
Subadar, Ockethott, Calcutta.
Winkfield, Toreson, Calcutta.
Gazana, Hale, Rangoon.
Finnanger, Ellorton, Batoum.
Barenfels, Rathje, Hamburg.

LOADING.
Sept. 23.
Steamer Badurpur for Rangoon.
Steamer Conte Verela for Trieste.

AFRICAN MAIL REPORT.

S S Karanja:—The B I S N Coy.'s mail steamer Karanja, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Durban, with mail, a general cargo and 693 passengers.

S S Barenfels:—The L Edward Ltd. steamer Barenfels, sailed yesterday for Hamburg, with a general cargo.

S S Badurpur:—The B S O S & D Coy.'s steamer Badurpur, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Rangoon, with a cargo of kerosen oil.

S S Nurtennton:—The Messrs. Luis Drefuse Coy.'s steamer Nurtennton, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Durban, with ballast.

S S Varela:—The B I S N Coy.'s steamer Varela, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Busreh, with a general cargo and 151 passengers.

S S Subadar:—The T M Coy.'s steamer Subadar, sailed yesterday for Calcutta, with a general cargo.

S S Winkfield:—The B I S N Coy.'s steamer Winkfield, sailed yesterday for Calcutta, with ballast.

S S Gazana:—The B I S N Coy.'s steamer Gazana, sailed yesterday for Rangoon, with a general cargo.

S S Finnanger:—The Soconcy Vaccum Corporation steamer Finnanger, sailed yesterday for Batoum, with ballast.

ALEXANDRA DOCK
Bombay, Sept. 23.
2 Greinton 3777, Durban, 26-9, L Dreyfus & Co.
5 Arracan, 3543, Port Said, 27-9, Strauss and Co.
9 Calcutta Maru, 3214, Karachi 28-9 N Y Kaisha.
11 C|o Melbourne 4125, Karachi, 26-9, K Nixon & Co.
14 Barnels, 4679, Antwerp, 24-9, L. Edwards, Ltd.
15 Karanja, 4646, S & E Africa, 4-10, M M & Co.

VICTORIA DOCK
7 Subadar, 3397, Calcutta, 24-9, T Morrison & Co.
15 Lalita, 283, M'Coast, 23|9, Malabar Steamship Co.

PRINCE'S DOCK
A Gandara, 3190, Colombo, 28-9, M. M. and Co.
B Gazana 3191, Rangoon 24|9, M M & Co.
N. Jalatarang, 1464, Calcutta, 24-9, Scindia S N Co.
M Shuja 3112, N F N F T Morrison and Co.

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON.
Maldavia 28/9 P and O S N Co.
Ranpura 28/9 P and O S Co.
Viceroy of India 2/10 P and O S N Co.
Comorin 5/10 P and O S N Co.
FROM LIVERPOOL.
Clan Kenneth, 26-9, J F Co.
Castalia, 27|9, G.T. Co.
C/Baroda 1/10 K M Co.
Clan Ogilvy 3/10 J F Co.
C/Guildford 10/10 K N Co.
C/Canterbury 16/10 K N Co.
FROM OSLO.
Japan 2/10 L Edward Ltd.
FROM HAMBURG.
Goldenfels, 26|9, Edwards Ltd.
Fraunfels 16/10 L Edward Ltd.
Lindenfels 25/10 L Edward Ltd.
FROM GENOA.
Kota Baroe, 30|9, T.M. Co.
Sumatra 29/9 M Italiana.
Victoria 5/10 M Italiana.
India 23/10 M Italiana.
Tabian 21/10 T M Co.
FROM TRIESTE
Hilda, 25-9, L T Co.
Himalaya 6/10 L T Co.
FROM NEW YORK
City of Birmingham 26|9, F F ampbell and Co.
Silvermaple, 17|9, Volkart Bros.
Knoxvill City 7|10, M M & Co.
C/Cambridge 15/10 F F Campbell.
C/Worcester 26/10 F F Campbell.
President Polk 5/10 F F Campbell.
President Adams 10/10 F F Campbell.
Salawati 13/10 Volkart Bros.
FROM KOBE
Kidderpore 27/9 P & O S N Co.
Malacca Maru 30|9, N Y Kaisha
Alaska Maru 24/9 O S Kaisha
Bengal Maru 18/10 N Y Kaisha.
Tango Maru 30/10 N Y Kaisha.
Tacific Maru 26/10 O S Kaisha.
Haige Maru 9/10 O S Kaisha.
FROM BRISBANE
Straithard 29|9, P & O S N Co.
FROM DURBAN
Takliwa, 7|10, M.M. and Co.
Kenya 21/10 M M and Co.

SAILING DATES OF

ENGLISH MAIL.
Strathaird 30|9, P & O S N Co.
Viceroy of India 7|10 P & O S N Co.
FOR LIVERPOOL.
City of Melbourne, 26|9, K N Co.
FOR PORT SAID.
Newton Beech N F, L Drefuse & Co.
Arracan, 27|9, Strauss & Co.
FOR BUSRAH.
Bamora, 27|9, M M & Co.
Varela, 28|9, M M & Co.
FOR CALCUTTA.
Jalatarang NF, S N Co.
Subardar, NF, T M Co.
FOR DURBAN ,for Order).
Greinson, NF, L Drefuse & Co.
Nurtureton, NF, L Drefus and Co.
FOR KOBE.
Alipore NF, P and O S N Co.
Calcutta Maru, 28|9, NF, Kaisha.
Alaska Maru, NF O S Kaisha.
FOR RANGOON.
Nizam NF, T M Co.
GENERAL LANDING DATES.
S S Pres Garfield, 22-9-33.
S S Gandara, 22-9-33.
S S Dayavati, 22-9-33.

EXPORTS.
Bombay, Sept. 23.

S S City of Melbourne for Liverpool:—4 bales wool raw, D Sassoon & Co.; 1,450 bags groundnut oil cakes, L Dreyfus & Co.

For Antwerp:—1,204 bags linseed, Ralli Bros.

For Dunkirk:—165 bales cotton raw, B Mavji & Co.

S S Barenfels for Hamburg:—602 bags linseed, Ralli Bros.; 1,600 bags groundnut oil cake, H A K Oomarbhai; 30 bags tudmiric, A Virji & Co.; 340 bags groundnut oil cakes, Kulkarni & Co.

For Solonica:—100 bales cotton raw, B Maheshwari.

For Rotterdan:—640 bags linseed oil cakes, A Oomerbhoy; 55 bales cotton raw, Textile Products Ltd.

For Antwerp:—55 bales, hemp S Parmanand.

S S Conte Virde for Trieste:—800 bags groundnuts, T S Thadani & Sons; 110 bales cotton raw, K M Nathoo.

For Venice:—666 bags castor seed, T S Thadani & Son.

For Alexandratta:—82 bales cotton yarn, A A Diah.

For Beyrouth:—30 bales cotton yarn, A. El. Epl.

S S Arracan for Port Said:—70 bags groundnut oil cakes, Strauss & Co.

S S Calcutta Maru for Osaka:—20 ton tin clipping, Ali Bros.

For Kobe:—50 tons iron scrap, M Jivraj & Co.

For Hongkong:—101 bags jardaloo, E S Abulkayum.

IMPORTS.
Bombay, Sept. 23.

S S Gamaria from Calcutta, Agents, M M & Co.:—60 dms. linseed oil; 444 bags rice; 20 cases paper; 70 cases soap; 726 bales gunnies; 55 bales h. cloth; 100 bales b. twills; 5,312 bags tea; 40 cases cement; 45 cases colour; 129 cases gramophone goods; 3,820 dms. paint; 140 dms. red lead; 225 cases manila rope; 8,047 pecs. c. i. pipes and fittings; 162 cases bolts; 670 iron drums.

From Tuticorin:—19 bags croton seed; 45 bales cotton yarn.

From Colombo:—2,625 bags copra; 62 h|c tea; 60 bales raw silk.

S S Narkunda from Sydney, Agents, M M & Co.:—60 cases fruits; 25 cases provision; 27 cylinder chemicals.

From Melbourne:—360 cases cird fruits; 125 cases lectogen; 40 cases dripping.

From Adelaide:—75 box currents; 35 cks. tallow.

S S Bahadur from Moulmein, Agents, T Morrison & Co.:—145 pecs. teak squares; 2,359 pecs. teak posts and planks; 7,526 pecs. teak scant tings; 400 bags paddy.

From Cochin:—200 bales cottonffi 100 b'dle coir fibre.

From Calicut:—247 b'ble coir rope; 145 b'dle coir yarn; 58 b'dle coir fibre.

From Cannanore:—213 bags cocoanuts.

S S Subedar from Probolingo, Agents, T Morrison & Co::—2,510 bags sugar.

From Calicut:—106 h|c tea; 435 bales cotton.

S S British Gunner from Abadan, Agents, A P Oil Co.:—2,443 tons diesel oil in bulk; 5,424 tons farnace oil in bulk.

S S Filnanger from Batoum, Agents, S V Corporation:—7,014 tons korosene oil in bulk.

SUGAR MARKET REPORT

Bombay, Sept. 21st.

Our Sugar Market ruled quiet throughout the week, prices fluctuating within very narrow limits of about half an anna per cwt. Offtake remained on a moderate scale. It is reported that one of the European Importers sold about 1,000 tons of Mozambique sugar at about Rs. 4|14|9 for shipment to Colombo during October, besides this there was some business for near positions amongst the bazar dealers. The highest and the lowest rates during the week were:—

Java Ready Rs. 14|11|3 & Rs. 14|10|6.
Aug. Rs. 4|14|9 & Rs. 4|14|3.
Sept. Rs. 4|14|6 & Rs. 4|14|3.
Oct.-Dec. Rs. 4|14|3 & Rs. 4|14.
African-Ready Rs. 14|11|9 & Rs. 14|11|6.
Britania Rs. 16|6 & Rs. 16|4.

Foreign Markets:—New York prices advanced by about 2 to 3 points & Raw sugar prices in London Terminal Market declined by about 1-1|2 to 3d. per cwt. during the week, Java rules unchanged at F. 5 for West Coast India against F. 6 a year ago.

Calcutta & Karachi:—Calcutta & Karachi markets are reported to be quiet & Steady respectively during the week.

Arrivals:—S. S. "Subedar" arrived during the week with about 2,510 bags of Java Sugar. S. S. "Arabia" & s.s. "Begum" are expected to arrive on about the 30th Sept. & 8th October with about 20,000 & 10,500 bags of Java Sugar respectively.

Offtake & Stocks:—Offtake during the week is estimated at about 20,000 bags, leaving the stocks of about 65,000 bags. Stocks in Bombay Port Trust Warhouses on the 18th September, 1933, estimated at about 65,628 bags, inclusive of 48,630 bags.

The following are to-day's quotations ruling the bazar:—
Fine White Java Sugar:—
Ready Rs. 14|11|3 per cwt.
Transhipment Rs. 5 per cwt. F. B. H.
S. S. "Arabia" Rs. 4|14|6 per cwt. F. B. H.
Shipment August Rs. 4|14|6 per cwt. F. B. H.
Shipment September Rs. 4|14|3 per cwt. F. B. H.
Shipment Oct.-Dec. Rs. 4|14 per cwt. F. B. H.
African Sugar:—
Ready Rs. 14|11|6 per cwt.
Britania Sugar:—
Ready Rs. 16|6 per cwt.
Narkatiaganj Birla Swadeshi:—Rs. 23|6 per six Mnds.
Tone:—Quiet.

STERLING SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Sept. 22.

Messrs. Forbes & Lund have received the following quotations by special Cablegram from London to-day:—

Assam Bengal Railway Ordy. Stock, £73-0-0.
Attock Oil Co., Ltd., £0-11-6.
Bengal Iron 7-1|2 per cent. Preference, £0-9-0.
Bengal-Nagpur Rly. Ord. Stock, £89-0-0.
Burma Corporation Ltd., £0-14-3.
Calcutta Tramways (Ordy.), £1-5-3.
Canadian Eagle Oil Co., £0-9-6.
De Havilland Aircraft Co., Ltd., £1-4-3.
East India Distilleries & S. F. Ord., £1-4-3.
Eastern Bank Ltd.., £6-2-6.
Hongkong & Shanghai Bankg. Corpn., £131-0-0.
Imperial Airways Ltd., Ord., £1-11-3.
Indian Copper Corporation (Ord.), £0-2-6.
Indian Iron & Steel 7-1|2 per cent. Debs., £95-0-0.
London & Rhodesian Mining & Land, £0-6-0.
Nitrate Railway (Ordy.), £3-13-0.
Rangoon Electric Tram. & S. Ord., £1-15-0.
Shahdara Saharanpur L. Rly. 4-1|2 per cent. Deb. £74-0-0.
Tata Iron & Steel 7 per cent. Debentures, £109-0-0.
Tata Power 7-1|2 per bent. "B" Debs. 1939|50, £108-0-0.
Great Western Rly. Ord. Stock, £52-0-0.
Cables & Wireless 7-1|2 per cent. Ord. A Stock, £27-0-0.
Canadian Pacific Rly. Com. Stock, dol. 15.75.
Lon. Mid. & Scot. Rly. 4 per cent. Pref. 1923, £43-10-0.
San Paulo Coffee 7-1|2 per cent. (1926), £40-10-0.

LONDON BULLION MARKET

Gold Reaching New High Levels

DEPRECIATION OF STERLING

No Emportant Change in Silver.

Messrs. Samuel Montagu & Co., London, have issued the following weekly Bullion report dated Sept. 6:+

GOLD.

The Bank of England gold reserve against notes amounted to £190,283,342 on the 30th ultimo, as compared with £190,169,177 on the previous Wednesday.

The price of gold was further enhanced during the past week owing to the continued depreciation of sterling in terms of the gold currencies. New high levels were reached and the quotation of the 2nd instant—131s/3d. per fine ounce (which included a premium of 7d. over franc parity) was the highest yet recorded. Prior to the present month, the record high price was 130s/8d. quoted on the 30th November, 1932.

Large amounts of gold have been available in the open market but the demand was keen and offerings were readily absorbed by Continental buyers.

Quotations during the week:—

	Per fine ounce.	Equivalent value of £ Sterling.
Aus. 31st	129s/7d.	13s/1.34d.
Sept. 1st	130s/8.1/2d.	12s/11.99d.
Sept. 2nd	131s/3d.	12s/11.34d.
Sept. 4th	131s/-.	12s/11.64d.
Sept. 5th	130s/4d.	13s/0.44d.
Sept. 6th	130s/7d.	13s/0.14d.
Average	130s/6.92d.	13s/0.15d.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of gold registered from mid-day on the 28th ultimo to mid-day on the 4th instant:—

IMPORTS.

	£
France	18,879
Netherlands	22,633
Switzerland	22,572
Iraq	11,000
U. S. A.	96,796
Brazil	196,176
Panama (including Canal Zone)	17,883
British South Africa	1,428,056
British West Africa	64,089
British India	826,002
British Malaya	54,027
China	139,768
Hongkong	183,580
Australia	42,053
New Zealand	17,589
Other countries	12,410
	£3,153,513

EXPORTS.

France	£112,773
Netherlands	135,118
Switzerland	1,035
Other countries	3,063
	£251,989

The s.s. "Chitral" which sailed from Bombay on the 2nd instant carries gold to the value of £662,000, of which £591,000 is consigned to London, and £71,000 to Amsterdam.

SILVER.

The market has maintained a steady tone, and although movements in prices have been small a slightly higher level has ruled during the past week. Buying on China account imparted more tone to the market, and served to offset offerings from the Continent and re-sales by speculators. The Indian Bazaars have also re-sold, whilst America has sold moderately.

The undertone is fairly good, but there are no indications of any important change at present.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of silver registered from mid-day on the 28th ultimo to mid-day on the 4th instant:—

IMPORTS.

Soviet Union (Russia)	£198,000
Germany	12,532
Netherlands	25,350
Japan	15,335
U. S. A.	424,764
British India	13,125
Australia	36,417
Canada	8,316
Other countries	3,512
	£737,351

EXPORTS.

Sweden	£ 2,660
Norway	1,299
Denmark	1,055
Germany	1,545
British India	2,500
Persia	1,382
Poland	1,040
Channel Islands	1,000
Other countries	1,529
	£14,010

Quotations during the week:—

IN LONDON.

	Bar Silver per oz. std. Cash delivery.	Two months delivery.
Aug. 31st	18d.	18.1/16d.
Sept. 1st	18.1/16d.	18.1/8d.
Sept. 2nd	18.1/8d.	18.3/16d.
Sept. 4th	18.1/8d.	18.3/16d.
Sept. 5th	18.3/16d.	18.5/16d.
Sept. 6th	18.1/16d.	18.1/8d.
Average	18.094d.	18.167d.

IN NEW YORK.
(per ounce .999 fine).

Aug. 30th	36.15/16 cents.
Aug. 31st	36.7/8 "
Sept. 1st	36.3/4 "
Sept. 2nd	36.7/8 "
Sept. 4th	Holiday.
Sept. 5th	37.3/16 "

The highest rate of exchange on New York recorded during the period from the 31st ultimo to the 6th instant was dol. 4.60.3/4 and the lowest 4.51.1/4.

The stocks in Shanghai on the 2nd instant consisted of about 124,600,000 ounces in sycee, 290,000,000 dollars and 6,340 silver bars, as compared with about 124,400,000 ounces in sycee, 287,500,000 dollars and 6,120 silver bars on the 26th ultimo.

Statistics for the month of August last are appended:—

BAR SILVER.

	Cash delivery.	Two months delivery.
Highest price	18.1/8d.	18.3/16d.
Lowest price	17.3/4d.	17.13/16d.
Average	17.8774d.	17.9856d.

BAR GOLD.
Per fine ounce.

Highest price	129s/7d.
Lowest price	128s/-
Average	128s/8.72d.

AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, September 23.

October, 1933	9.93
December, 1933	10.19
January, 1934	10.25
March, 1934	10.40
May, 1934	10.59
Middling Spot	10.15

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, September 23.

October	9.90
December	10.15
Middling Spot	9.91

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York, September 23.

Day's receipts at all U.S. ports,	46,000 bales.
Day's exports to Great Britain	8,000 bales.
Day's exports to the Continent	23,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.
Liverpool, September 23.

	opening	closing
September	.....	5.42
October	5.42	5.42
November	....	5.41
December	....	5.43
January	5.45	5.45
February	.....	5.47
March	....	5.50
April	....	5.51
May	....	5.53
June	....	5.55
July	....	5.57
August	....	5.58
September	....	5.59
Middling Spot	....	5.51

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, September 23.

SAKELLARIDIS:	
October, 1933	6.96
November, 1933	7.07
January, 1934	7.16
March, 1934	7.26
May, 1934	7.46
June, 1934	7.49
F.G.F. Spot	7.36

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, September 23.

BROACH:	
Folly good (good staple)	4.58
Fine (good staple)	4.73
Superfine (good staple)	4.88
OOMRA:	
Good (No. 1 staple)	4.76
Fine (No. 1 staple)	4.91
Choice (No. 1 staple)	5.06
BENGAL:	
Good	3.75
Fine	3.85
Superfine	3.95
SCINDE:	
Good	3.85
Fine	3.95
Superfine	4.05

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
London, September 23.
London Stock Exchanges market closed to-day.

SEEDS.
London, September 23.
Cottonseed Bombay, (Hull) c.i.f. ton — No offers.
Castorseed Bombay (Hull) c.i.f. ton, £9:16:3 Sep.|Oct. sellers.
Rapeseed Toria, Hull|Continent, ton, £9:17:6 Sep.|Oct. sellers.

LINSEED.
London, September 23.
Linseed Calcutta (London) ton, £11:5:0 Sept.|Oct. sellers.
Linseed Laplata c.i.f. Hull ton £10:12:6 Sept.|Oct. sellers.
Linseed Bombay, (London), ton £11:13:9 Sept.|Oct. sellers.

Sept. 2nd	18.1/8d.	18.3/16d.
Sept. 4th	18.1/8d.	18.3/16d.
Sept. 5th	18.3/16d.	18.5/16d.
Sept. 6th	18.1/16d.	18.1/8d.
Average	18.094d.	18.167d.

IN NEW YORK.
(per ounce .999 fine).

Aug. 30th	36.15/16 cents.
Aug. 31st	36.7/8 "
Sept. 1st	36.3/4 "
Sept. 2nd	36.7/8 "
Sept. 4th	Holiday.
Sept. 5th	37.3/16 "

The highest rate of exchange on New York recorded during the period from the 31st ultimo to the 6th instant was dol. 4.60.3/4 and the lowest 4.51.1/4.

The stocks in Shanghai on the 2nd instant consisted of about 124,600,000 ounces in sycee, 290,000,000 dollars and 6,340 silver bars, as compared with about 124,400,000 ounces in sycee, 287,500,000 dollars and 6,120 silver bars on the 26th ultimo.

Statistics for the month of August last are appended:—

BAR SILVER.

	Cash delivery.	Two months delivery.
Highest price	18.1/8d.	18.3/16d.
Lowest price	17.3/4d.	17.13/16d.
Average	17.8774d.	17.9856d.

BAR GOLD.
Per fine ounce.

Highest price	129s/7d.
Lowest price	128s/-
Average	128s/8.72d.

PLIGHT OF OUR COTTON GROWERS

Year's Figures Show Heavy Decline In Consumption Of India's Commodity

(From Our Cotton Expert.)

According to the figures issued by the International Federation of Master Cotton Spinners' and Manufacturers' Associations the preliminary result of world's cotton mill consumption for the year ended July 31st of East Indian cotton compared with the previous year is as under:—

(In thousands).

	July 31, 1933.	July 31, 1932.	Difference.
Indian Cotton	4,200	4,788	—588

Total world's cotton mill stocks on July 31, 1933 were as under:—

EUROPE 250,000 bales, against 153,000 bales on July 31st. 1932.

ASIA 1,249,000 bales against 860,000 bales on July 31st, 1932.

Altogether the world's mill stocks of East Indian cotton were 1,508,000 bales against 1,031,000 bales twelve months ago and 1,565,000 bales two years ago.

ESTIMATED CONSUMPTION.
(In thousands).

	Half year ended. July 31, 1933.	Jan. July 31, 1933.	July 31, 1932.
EUROPE.			
Great Britain	70	56	53
Germany	45	51	48
France	88	74	62
Russia	20	23	25
Italy	57	46	51
C. Slovakia	9	11	11
Belgium	39	46	35
Spain	23	21	21
Poland	1	2	4
Switzerland	4	4	3
Holland	11	13	10
Austria	4	3	4
Swden	—	—	1
Portugal	1	1	—
Hungary	1	1	2
Total Europe	373	353	330
ASIA.			
India	1114	1154	1121
Japan	558	438	398
China	78	93	111
Total Asia	1750	1685	1630
AMERICA			
U. S. A.	5	11	9
SUNDRIES	13	10	8
Half Year's Total	2141	2059	1977

ESTIMATED STOCKS.

	July 31, 1933.	Jan. 31, 1933.	July 31, 1932.
EUROPE.			
Great Britain	34	15	12
Germany	23	23	33
France	89	42	36
Russia	5	5	5
Italy	30	23	21
C. Slovakia	8	3	3
Belgium	33	21	25
Spain	5	4	3
Polland	1	1	1
Switzerland	7	3	3
Holland	14	8	11
Austria	1	1	1
Europe total	250	149	155
ASIA.			
India	891	591	692
Japan	324	62	134
China	34	19	34
Asia total	1249	672	860
AMERICA.			
U. S. A.	6	7	15
Sundries	3	4	3
Half Year's Total	1508	832	1033

INDIA'S DECLINE.

The world consumption of all kinds of cotton during the year ending July 31st, 1933, amounted to 24,332,000 bales against 22,322,000 bales twelve months ago showing an increase of 2,010,000 bales.

The actual consumption of Indian cotton decreased by 588,000 bales.

These figures tell the story of the disappointing outlook of Indian cotton. **Japan has resolved to boycott our cotton and** stocks of Indian cotton are bound to increase when the new crop moves freely. In the absence of sufficient exports prices are likely to rule easy as compared with outside growths.

ARTIFICIAL DEALINGS.

Such fears are anticipated and Messrs. Langley & Co. in their weekly report dated Sept. 21st advise:—

"We are strongly in favour of sales of Broach April-May delivery against purchases both in New York and Liverpool as we feel a considerable cheapening of our parity will be seen over the next few months."

These speculative straddle sales over and above sales against actual cotton are bound to depress prices in Bombay cotton market.

MORE URGENT THAN TEXTILES.

Lancashire and Japanese textile delegations are now discussing the problem of imports of cloth, but it is time for all concerned to study the above figures and satisfy themselves that economically ruined cotton growers will not be able to buy foreign cloth in any large quantity. Protection to cotton growers is more urgent than to the textile industry and delegates to the conference will do well to secure fair price for Indian cotton, otherwise all attempts to save the Indian Textile Industry will meet with serious consequences.

LINSEED OILS.
London, September 23.
Linseed oil naked London per cwt. 19|4-1|2 October sellers.
Linseed oil naked London per cwt. 20|1-1|2 Jan.|Apl. sellers.

SMOKED SHEETS.
London, September 23.
Smoked sheets standard ribbed lb. spot 8-1|4

LONDON PRODUCE.
London, September 23.
Wheat Rozario Santa Fe, Parcels 23 Sept.|Oct. sellers.
Wheat Barletta Russo, Parcels 21|6 October sellers.
Wheat South Australian, Parcels, 25|3 September sellers.

LONDON GOLD.
London, September 23.
Gold bars fine per oz. £6;13;5-1|2

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES
London, September 23.
Bank bills 3 months market rate 0-3|8 p.c.
Bank bills 6 months market rate 0-11|16 p.c.
Fine trade bills 3 months market rate 2 p.c.
Fine trade bills 6 months market rate 2-1|2 p.c. to 3 p.c.

LONDON SILVER
London, September 23.
Silver market is steady.
Spot 18-1|2
Forward 18-9|8

INTEREST LOAN.
London, September 23.
Interest day to day loan 0-1|4 p.c.
Interest 7 days' market loan 0-1|4 p.c.

JAVA SUGAR, LONDON MARKET.
London, September 23.
Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard No. 26 c. and f. Calcutta, September per cwt. 7|7-1|2 sellers.
C. and f. Bombay September per cwt. 7|4-1|2 sellers.
C. and f. Karachi September per cwt. 7|4-1|2 sellers.

COFFEE: NEW YORK MARKET.
New York, September 23.
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) spot 3-27|32 sellers.

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, September 23.
T.T. LONDON ON:

Berlin	12.93-1|2
Amsterdam	7.65-3|4
Brussels	22.15
Madrid	36.96
Milan	58.81
Berne	15.95-1|2
Paris	78.96
Prague	104.25
T.T. London on New York	4.78-1|4

MYSORE MUSLIM CONFERENCE

The Secretary of the Mysore State Muslim Conference writes:

Arrangements for holding the Mysore State Muslim Conference are almost complete. Seperate accommodation has been provided for the lady guests who are expected from Bombay, Madras, Mysore and other places.

The Education Department has been good enough to place at our disposal various buildings for accommodating the guests and delegates.

Arrangements for holding the Youth Conference on the 26th are urogressing.

A large number of delegates have already arrived.

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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913

BOMBAY: MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1933

JUPITER GENERAL
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Englishman Killed In City Motor Smash

Three Others Seriously Injured In Fort, Sequel To Rash Driving On Sunday Morning

An Englishman was killed and three others were injured in a motor smash that occured in Fort in the early hours of Sunday morning.

One out of the three, who has received serious injuries has been detained at the St. George's Hospital, while two others who had received minor injuries were allowed to go after treatment.

The body of the English youth, (22) who died an hour after the smash has been removed to the Morgue and the City Coroner will hold an inquest on Monday.

AFTER-DINNER MISHAP.

From inquiries made, it appears that the owner of the two-seator car No. W-4766, Mr. F. L. Allanson, working as an Assistant in Messrs. Birtwistle and Co., and his three other English friends (1) Mr. R. F. Cockeril of the Bank of India; (2) Mr. H. Dick Robinson living in Malabar Hill, and (3) Mr. N. W. Matcalfe, an Army Officer, had their dinner on Saturday night at the Corneglia's.

At 12-30 midnight, they left the Hotel and got into the two-seater. Mr. Allanson, took the wheel while the to others sat by his side and one got into the 'Dicky'. It is said that they were bound to a Dance Club.

OUT OF CONTROL.

The Car, which it is stated was going at a high speed entered the Mayo Road, and while turning from the Mayo Road to Waudby Road got out of control and was proceeding on the wrong side of the Road. The car suddenly got on to the pavement and dashed against Tata Building Gates, swung round and came to a stand-still.

It appears that due to the impact, Mr. Allanson and another, who was sitting by his side received serious injuries, while the two others got slight injuries. The car also was badly damaged.

POLICE ON SCENE.

One of the police constables, who was on duty, rushed to the place on hearing the sound of impact. The Esplanade police were informed and Sub-Inspector Khan, was on the scene immediately. The injured persons were removed to the St. George's Hospital. Mr. Allanson died 40 minutes after admission. Another injured man, was detained in the Hospital, while two others were treated and allowed to go.

RAJPUTANA TEAM FOR BOMBAY

Dusserah Cricket Tour Programme In Presidency

(From A Correspondent.)

AJMER, Sept. 22.

The Rajputana Cricket Club, Ajmer, which is one of the oldest cricket organisations in Rajputana are sending out a team to tour in the Bombay Presidency during the Dussehra holidays. This will be the 13th Annual Tour of the team and the programme of their matches is as follows. Their last visit to Bombay was in 1925 when they played all the local Gymkhana:—

27th & 28th September, Ahmedabad Baronet C. C.

1st October, Bombay (Rest).

2nd October, "The Times of India" C. C. Bombay.

3rd and 4th October, P. J. Hindu Gymkhana, Bombay.

5th and 6th October, Dr. H. D. Kanga's XI.

SURAT MATCH CANCELLED.

The match at Rander (Surat) on 29th & 30th September is cancelled due to recent floods.

The team will be composed of the following:—

H. H. the Maharawalji Bahadur of Dungarpur (Capt.); Rao Himmat Singhji of Garhi and Messrs. Bharatchand Khanna; Ram Sahai; Azim Khan; W. D. Begg; S. Abbas; K. B. Murad; Dhani Ram Chopra; G. M. Razdan; A. Haleem; Gulab Singh; Kutubuddin; A. Sharman; and B. R. Sethna.

PLAGUE & MALARIA UNDER CONTROL

Nizam Govt.'s Successful Schemes To Combat Epidemics

HYDERABAD (Dn). By Mail

A comprehensive review of the work being done by H E H the Nizam's Government to combat diseases, especially those which recur annually in epidemic form in the State, was made by Colonel J. Norman Walker. Director, Medical and Sanitation Departments, in the course of a very instructive lecture on "The relief of suffering in our City," under the auspices of the Hyderabad Branch of the Y.M.C.A. Nawab Sir Amin Jung Bahadur was in the Chair.

IGNORANCE & POVERTY

Colonel Walker said that ignorance, poverty, and the lack of the habit of cleanliness on the part of the people, were factors which were militating against the success of the measures which Government had been adopting to combat disease and death in the State. Government would help even in educating the people in healthier methods of living, but it was for the people themselves to appreciate the value of cleanliness both in regard to their dress and personal habits and in the condition of their homes.

The efforts of the Government to combat Cholera in the City, which hitherto had exacted annually heavy toll of lives, had been very successful. This was mainly through the provision of a good water supply, and the beneficial results of this provision showed itself in the fact that during past two years Cholera did not claim any victims in the City. Encouraged by this success the Government had taken on hand several schemes to improve the water supply in the different districts of the State which when completed, would certainly confer similar benefits on the whole of the Dominions.

PLAGUE & MALARIA.

Plague and Malaria which were still exacting their toll of lives were also receiving very active attention of the Government through special plague and malaria departments.

The Plague Department was started three years ago since which time plague had been effectively brought under control as would be apparent from the fact that in Hyderabad City alone, as against an average annual mortality of 1711 from plague during the 4 years preceeding the opening of the Plague Department, the number of deaths annually had fallen to an average of 562 during the past three years during which the Plague Department has been functioning.

Not only were preventive measures being adopted in the fight against plague, cholera, and malaria, but very useful research work was also being conducted by the Government. The success of these could be measured from the facts that during the past two years no deaths from Cholera occurred in the City while mortality from Plague and Malaria had fallen by 66 per cent and 50 per cent respectively.

FIGHTING T. B.

The treatment of tuberculosis was also receiving the careful attention of the Government and, as a result, in addition to existing facilities, it was proposed to establish a sanatorium at Damagundam within the Dominions at an early date.

Among other schemes under contemplation to expand existing facilities were those for the building of an up-to-date Mental Hospital, and an Opthalmic Hospital in which connection existing arragements were proving inadequate.

Last but not the least was the fight against infant and maternal mortality. Although they had just began this campaign through the opeinng of Child Welfare Centres, the success hitherto achieved was very encouraging and hold out promise of greater success in the future.—A.P.

General Avari will leave Bombay Central Station by Kathiawar Express at 8-45 a.m. for Billimoria on the 25th inst. He will stay there for three days and leave for Surat on the 28th. After visiting Surat he will leave for Amraoti, Akola and other places in the Central Provinces.

SIND SEPARATION CONTROVERSY

Rao Bahadur Charges Muslim M.L.C. With Making Wrong Statements Before J. P. C.

HYDERABAD (Sind), Sept. 21.

"The boast of Khan Bahadur Khuhro, M. L. C., that the separation of Sind is an accomplished fact and that after his evidence was recorded by the Joint Parliamentary Committee he coud see that Sind separation was inevitable is nothing but presumptuousness" says Rao Bahadur Hiranand, Sind Hindus' representative before the Joint Parliamentary Committee in a statement to the press. The Rao Bahadur adds:

"There is many a slip between the cup and the lip. The man who could pretend to be in the confidence of the Joint Parliamentary Committee must be a prodigy which Khan Bahadur Khuhro is not"

CHALLENGE UNANSWERED

Rao Bahadur Hiranand says: "It is a pity that Khan Bahadur Khuhro should persist in misrepresenting the attitude and statemets of the Hindus of Sind. Having been rtpeatedly challenged by Professor Chablani to produce the resolution of the Congress in 1913 advocating separation of Sind or the statements of Mr. Harchandrai Vishindas on the subject, Khan Bahadur Khuhro has not only failed to accept the challenge, but has repeated these wrong statements before the Joint Parliamentary Committee. In his address to the Muslims of Hyderabad (Sind) the Khan Bahadur attributed to the Hindu representatives in London statements which they never made before the Joint Select Committee.

"FROM HIS FERTILE BRAIN"

The Hindu representatives never stated that the Musulmans of Sind were like the Thugs of Lord William Bentick's period nor did they say that Sind should be annexed to the Punjab or special detective police should be created for detecting offences relating to women or property. Khan Bahadur Khuhro in inventing these propositions from his fertile brain and is foisting them upon the Hindu leaders who stated their case with singular clearness quoting chapter and verse for every proposition which they advanced. The Joint Committee fully appreciated their statement of the Hindu case.—A. P.

CASE AGAINST SEPARATION?

Punjab May Ruin Lloyd Barrage, Fears Sind Hindu Leader.

HYDERABAD (Sind), Sept. 21.

Rao Bahadur Hiranand Khemsing Sind Hindu representative before the Joint Parliamentary Committee has sent the following to the press:—

Sir Henry Lawrence has the eye of a phropoet. Sooner or later the fight between the Punjab and Sind over the waters of the Indus which was stopped by the Government of India on the effective protests of the powerful Bombay will blaze up again. But if Sind is with Bombay the supreme government will settle it again in favour of Sind. The annexation of Sind to the Punjab will no doubt remove the bone of contention but so long as Sind is with Bombay we need have no fears that the Punjab will be permitted to ruin the Lloyd Barrage. If Sind has without rhyme or reason to be separated from Bombay then its being joined on to the Punjab is certainly far better than its isolation in its bankruptcy.

I, however, do not believe that His Majesty's Government will be in a hurry to constitute Sind into a separate province now that they have a full grasp of the entire case.—A. P.

When Labour Holds Office As Majority Govt.

Mr. Lansbury Assures India, They Will Carry Their Pledges Into Practice By Granting Full Responsible Govt.

BOMBAY, (By Mail)

Mr. B. Shiva Rao, who returned to India on Toursday afternoon from England, b ought with him the following message from Mr. George Lansbury:

"I must express my deep regret at the fresh outb eak of violence in Bengal. My sympathies are all with the Indian people in their demand for full self-government, but I am convinced that assassination and violence will not help them in their struggle for liberty I feel certain that the responsible leaders of public opinion in India are against the adoption of these methods, which have proved disastrous in other countries and trust that they will exercise all their influence to discourage. Indian youth from copying them."

UNEQUIVOCAL PLEDGE.

Proceeding Mr. George Lansbury said, "I need not repeat that British labour is most unequivocally pledged to the grant of full responsible government to India. But it must be clearly understood that we have never had a fair chance of carrying our pledges into practice. We have held office on two occasions, but as a minority Government. The day is coming soon when labour will not only hold office but also wield power. We shall utilise the first opportunity, when it comes in accordance with our repeated declarations when in Opposition and in Office, to offer to India the free choice either of remaining with us as an equal partner in the Commonwealth, or of ending the connection, if she so chooses.

YOUR CHOICE.

Personally and I believe I am speaking also for the Labour Party, I hope India will prefer the former course, but the choice must be hers. For her own sake, I feel that she should avoid all the horrors of an aggressive Nationalism and the spirit of isolation and take part with us in the reconstruction of the world on the basis of international co-operation. But we have no desire to dictate to India as to what is best for her."

ALTERNATIVE TO W. P.

"I earnestly wish that representatives of all sections and classes in India would get together, and while the Joint Parliamentary Committee on the White Paper finishes its work, themselves frame a constitution as an alternative to the White Paper Scheme and also put on record whether or not they will come into the Great British Commonwealth of Nations on exactly the same terms as Canada, Australia and South Africa.

In conclusion Mr. Lansbury observed, "I know that Mr. Gandhi voiced this view very finely at the Second Round Table Conference two years ago. I hope he will continue to press it with all his force on India, until British Labour is in a position to give effect to it. I can assure him that he will not have to wait long for it."

A "GREAT MORAL FIGURE"

Commenting on the above statement of Mr. Lansbury, Mr. Shiva Rao says:—

"Mr. Lansbury is, of course is a great moral figure in English public life, universally respected for his absolute sincerity But British Labour will have to set its own house in order before aspiring to be His Majesty's Government again. The Trade Union Congress is greatly disturbed by what it regards as a form of dictatorship preached by Sir Stafford Cripps, and will strenuously oppose its advocacy in the country. The growth of fascism in England is more rapid than many people think, and so far as India is concerned, she has nothing to expect from the new party, except repression of a kind which will make Mr. Churchill appear by comparison almost a friend of ours."

DANGEROUS TENDENCY

He further added, "There is a dangerous tendency among delegates to the Joint Parliamentary Committee to rely too much on Sir Samuel Hoare's capacity to get the White Paper proposals, such as they are approved by Parliament. We always seem to centre our hopes round personalities. Lord Irwin was regarded as our prospective deliverer until about two years ago. But what is his position in England to-day? There is no doubt that the Government is on the run before Mr. Churchill and his supporters. Lord Salisbury objects to the Viceroy's use of the phrase, "Dominion Status", but did he raise his voice when Lord Hailsham told a Conservative Party meeting at the end of June that not a single soldier will leave India, when the New Constitution comes into force? The plain fact is, the general impression in England is that India has been so beaten that she will gratefully accept anything."

IRELAND'S ATTITUDE

Referring to his visit to Ireland Mr. Shiva Rao said, "Ireland is anxious to cultivate commercial and cultural relations with India. I did not certainly get the impression that Mr. De Valera was losing ground. But the conflict with Britain is of course imposing heavy sacrifices on her.—A. P.

"SHE MADE MEN"

Mr. Jinarajadasa's Tribute To Mrs. Besant

MADRAS (By Mail)

The following article was written by Mr. C. Jinarajadasa before the death of Mrs. Annie Besant:-

"Warrior"—so he wrote after her name on the last four occasions when she put her signature to a message. Some of us who have known her as orator and teacher, little know how much this "warrior" aspect is inseparable from Annie Besant, the beautiful woman and the protecting mother.

Here in India, during the Home Rule days from 1914 to her internment by the Government in 1917, we did indeed see her as the fighter, who used law as a weapon to curb the unlawful deeds of the law-gver,. But long before 1914 she was the warrior.

CHAMPION OF OPPRESSED.

Who remembers now how she championed the cause of Afghanistan in 1879; of the Transvaal in 1881; of Ireland in 1882 and afterwards; of Egypt in 1882; of the Soudan in 1885? For, all her life she has been a champion of the oppressed and the downtrodden, untiring in her fight for Justice against injustice on behalf of voteless women, on behalf of defenceless animals.

CEASELESS WATCH.

And now, in this month of Septemoer, she is old, and lives in a wasted body that remains one of the pictures of the slender young woman under her mother's wing. I write this during the period of my "which" each night, which ends at 2 a. m. She lies on the bed asleep; there is little that any one of us can do for her, for there is no disease and there is little pain. We must watch, in case wants something, and it is little indeed she wants. And as she sa lies, hardly recognisable when compared to her old vigorous self, she is not to me the shrunken form of an old woman, but an exquisitely beautiful ailing child. For Annie Besant is not this form but the poet, the orator and the warrior who has led tens of thousands to a Pisgah's height whence they saw the land of their dreams, the spiritual guide who has led hundreds to the feet of their Master.

Once of twice, in confidence, she has told us how every morning as her eyes opened to the new day, her first thought went to her Master to whom she dedicated that day in a brief prayer of offering. No one will understand the true Annie Besant till they get a blimpse of this Saint of God to whom God was always so near, even in her days of Free Thought and Secularism.

SHE MAKE MEN

Once, years ago, when she was depressed because her Indian work seemed to proceed slowly, I said to her a thing which made her eyes gleam. She pressed my hand when I said to her: "You make men." That is the testimony of so many of us who have stood near her, rejoicing to be of her company of fighters. She has indeed "made" us, teaching us how to plan for victory after each defeat, how to trust in ourselves because she trusted in us.

So, once again, and perhaps for the last time as I write for her birthday, I will say of her the highest truth that I know: She made men.

SERIOUS MENACE TO LIBERTY OF PRESS

Dhrangadra Subjects Protest Against Princes Protection Bill

A public Meeting of the Bombay residents of Dhrangadra was held in the office of the All-India States' People Conference on Thursday evening under the Presidentship of Sjt. Jamnadas M. Mehta, when the following resolutions were passed unanimously.

(1) This Meeting recalls, with feelings of pride and gratitude, the sufferings undergone by the public of Dhrangadra, and particularly the valiant part played by Dhrangadra women who on the 21st September 1931 were subjected to a brutal Lathi-Charge in the streets of Dhrangadra for upholding the fundamental right of public meeting and for participating in the activities in connection with Kathiawar Political Conference. This meeting further expresses its considered opinion that for the achievement of the emancipation of seven million States Subjects, such political awakening and self-sacrifice as were evinced by the women of Dhrangadra are the greatest assets.

MENACE TO SUBJECTS.

(2) This meeting erpresses it emphatic protest against the measure of special protection sought to be granted by the Government of India to Indian Princes in the form of "Princes Protection Act Bill" in the face of States' Peoples' clamorous complaints against innumerable acts of Princely autocracy and maladminstration, and declares that the Bill amounts to depriving the states people of one of the most important means of ventilating their grievance, viz., propaganda in British Indian territories, and it is also a further serious menace to the liberty of the Press in British India.

BHARATCHAND'S DOUBLE CENTURY

Osmanians Beat Engineering College By 293 Runs.

HYDERABAD, (Dn) Sept. 23.

Masterly batting by Bharatchand who retired after scoring 200 for Osmania College in the quarter final of Salargung Tournament against Engineering College was a feature of the match which Osmanians won by 293 runs.

Osmanians who batted first opened shakily losing two wickets for 33 runs.

Bharatchand thereafter changed the complexion of the game and batting confidently scored all round the wicket. His total included 18 fours. Osmanians declared at 404 for six.

Engineering College made a weak response and were dismissed for 111.

Majeed captured six wickets for 46 runs.

Bharatchand in the match against 12/21st Lancers last week captured nine wickets for 35 runs. —A.P.

BOMBAY GOVT'S SANCTION INVALID

Interesting Dutch East-Indies Case In Sind Court.

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, Sept. 20.

For an offence of breach of trust and cheating in respect of 15,000 gilders, alleged to have been committed in Sourobaya, Dutch East Indies, a criminal case has been filed, in the court of the Additional City Magistrate of Hyderabad Sind, with the sanction of the Government of Bombay, against a Sindhi named Jeamdas Vishindas by a firm of Sourobaya having its head office at Hyderabad Sind.

"NOT VALID."

The accused's pleader contended before the trying Magistrate that no prosecution against his client could be proceded with until and unless the sanction under Sec. 188 Cr. P. C. of the British Consul at Sourobaya who was also the Political Agent on behalf of the Government of India, was obtained. He further contended that the sanction of the Bombay Government for trying him was not valid.

The Additional City Magistrate of Hyderabad, however, held that he could try the case as the British Consul at Sourobaya, not being appointed by the Government of India, could not be called as the latter's Political Agent.

The accused has now filed a revision application in the court of the Judicial Commissioner of Sind, playing for proceeding against him being quashed on the ground that the British Consul at Sourobaya acted in all matters as Political Agent on behalf of the Indian Government also and that no sanction from him was secured which was necessary under Section 188, Cr. P. C.

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